Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Crisis in France—Resignation of M. Rouher Insisted Upon—The Crown Counsellors in Consultation—Progress of the Great Eastern with the French Cable—Excitement in England over the Irish Church Bill and the Action of the House of Lords.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

LONDON, July 9.—The Ministerial crisis in France increases in intensity. The Constitutional opposition in the Corps Legislatif declare their ultimatum to be the retirement of the Minister of State, M. Rouher. While the Emperor desires his retirement, he is reluctant to dismiss him, on account of his ability and his devotion to the Imperial Government. M. Rouher's failure to comply with the wish of the Emperor, and tender his resignation, is severely criticized. Yesterday the proprietor of one of the leading journals said to him, "M. Rouher, your time has come; clear out." "I know it," replied M. Rouher, "but my wife won't resign." This is literally true. Madame Rouher objects to giving up the honors which she receives at the palace as the wife of the Chief of the Emperor's Ministry. The Emperor will wait awhile before insisting upon the unavoidable resignation until this domestic trouble of his Minister can be arranged. The majority of the Assembly are opposed to the proposition demanded by members of the Left Centre which are as follows: First, A responsible Ministry. Secondly, The autonomy of the Legislative Assembly. The Emperor is therefore obliged to temporize with the majority whom he does not wish to openly defy. Hence the present dead lock which must end in the course of a week.

PARIS, July 10.—The *Patrie* newspaper of to-day says that the recent regulations between the Government and the Corps Legislatif have resulted in an understanding that the former will realize the projected reforms, and announces a *Senatus Consultum* to carry the same into effect.

PARIS, July 10.—The *Constitutionel* this evening says the counsellors of the Crown are discussing the question as to whether it is advisable to reply to the interpellation and thereby divulge the programme of the Government. No decision has been arrived at. Therefore the reports as to the intention of the Government are premature

LONDON, July 10.—The *Times* this morning has an editorial article on the state of affairs in France. The writer says that if the Corps Legislatif is firm it will gain the powers which have been demanded by the large minority, and which the majority also desire. The old things are passing away and another political dispensation is at hand. The desertion of the Monarchy by M. Mackan will show how deep is the general conviction that personal government is a lost cause.

The *Morning Telegraph* says that the Emperor said the principle of ministerial responsibility was the right one, but that it was the business of the Senate and not of the Corps Legislatif to regulate. Time, however, will bring the measure.

PARIS, June 11.—The Council of Ministers and Privy Council have held frequent meetings, at the summons of the Emperor, to deliberate upon the interpellation for political reforms now pending in the Corps Legislatif. It is said that the following programme has been agreed upon, with the concurrence of the Emperor:

The Senate will be immediately convoked, when parliamentary changes of a liberal character will be proposed by the Government. These reforms will probably include the extension of the right and facility of interpellation and the creation of a responsible Ministry, the Emperor choosing Ministers from the Corps Legislatif, with a view of arriving at the particular responsibility of each member of the Cabinet.

BREST, July 10.—Up to Friday noon the Great Eastern had made 1,885 knots from this port, and had arrived off the banks of New Foundland. She had paid out 2,122 knots of cable. All well and everything working fairly.

BREST, July 11.—A dispatch from on board the Great Eastern reports that up to Saturday noon she had run 2,023 knots from Brest, and paid out 2,277 knots of cable. The work was proceeding without interruption.

GREAT BRITAIN.

NEW YORK, July 11.—A special cable dispatch to the *Herald* from London 10th, states that the agitation in relation to the Irish Church Bill threatens to become serious. Preparations are actively being made for imposing demonstrations against Mr. Gladstone, who has hitherto hesitated to encourage the meetings, but has consented to give semi-official sanction, on the ground that the Lords attempted to qualify their opposition to the will of the Government and people on the ground of a pretended change in the public sentiment. It is certain, however, that the Commons will refuse to yield to the Lords their amendments, except the three points not affecting the principle of the bill. It is expected that the open-air meetings will be the largest ever known.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 10.—The resignation of Herreira, Minister of Justice, has been accepted.

MADRID, July 11.—Much political agitation prevails in Lisbon, and the Government is taking unusual precautions to prevent an outbreak.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 11.—Prince Von Auersperg has been elected President of the Upper Chamber of Reichsrath.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 10.—Steamships City of Washington and Pennsylvania from New York, arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, July 11.—The yacht Dauntless, James G. Bennett, Jr., commanding, arrived at this port to-day at 2:35 P. M., all well. She made the voyage in 12 days, 15 hours, 0 minutes and 12 seconds.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 10.—*Evening*—.Weather fair. Consols, for money, 93; on account, 93¼; 5-20 bonds 81¼; at Frankfort, 86⅞; Erie, 108¾; Illinois, 95½. Stocks dull.

LIVERPOOL, July 10—Cotton active; middling uplands, 12¾d; New Orleans, 12¾d; sales 12,000 bales. California white Wheat at 10s 7d, and red western No. 2 at 9s 5d. Flour, 24s 6d. Corn, No. 2 mixed, 28s 6d for old, and 27s for new. Oats, 3s 6d. Peas, 39s. Provisions firmer. Pork, 99s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 64s. Bacon, 62s. Common Rosin, 4s 9d, and fine at 15s. Spirits Petroleum, 9d, and refined, 1s 6¼d. Tallow, 45s. Turpentine, 27s. Linseed Oil, 32s. Linseed Cakes, 10£ 2d.

LONDON, July 10—Tallow, 45s. Sperm Oil, 92s. Sugar, 32s 9d. Whale Oil, 40s. Calcutta Linseed, 61s 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp 49¼f.

PARIS, July 10—*Evening*.—Bourse closed quiet; rentes, 71f. 50c.

ANTWERP, July 10—*Evening*.—Petroleum closed quiet and unchanged.

NEW YORK CITY.

Arrival of Steamers—Departure of the Harvard Crew—Indictments for Usury—&c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 10, 1869.

The steamships City of Paris, Perriere, Cambria and The Queen sailed for Europe to-day, all filled with passengers.

The German Singing Societies who left to day for Baltimore formed three divisions, each preceded by bands, and marched through the streets to the Jersey Depot, passing in review before Mayor Hall in the City Hall Park *en route*. They created quite a sensation.

The steamship Smidt, from Bremen, has arrived.

Another row of buildings in Jersey City fell yesterday afternoon, being poorly built.

A policeman was sunstruck on the Battery to-day and will probably die.

It is reported one of the robbers of the Ocean National Bank has been arrested.

John S. Bliss has been held in $3 500 bail for trial on charges of swindling soldiers out of their bounties.

The new cabs made their appearance in our streets to-day, much to the consternation of our thieving hackmen.

General Butler filed his final account of his brother's estate in the Surrogate's Court to-day.

The deaths of the week number 643, three of which were from cholera.

It is stated that indictments have been found against twenty five brokers for exacting usurious interest on loans, and they will probably be arrested on Monday. The evidence elicited before the Grand Jury is said to be quite startling.

A train on the Erie Railway collided with a freight train near Sreycourt, this State, last night. Six freight cars, with their contents, were smashed, and nine more burned. No lives were lost.

Representatives of ten different New York and Brooklyn boat clubs, together with a large number of other friends, escorted the Harvard crew to the steamer City of Paris this noon and gave repeated cheers as the vessel left the pier for Europe.

Patrick McCoy, an old man, died on the street to day from sunstroke.

Jas. R. Doolittle, charged with frauds in the Weighmaster's Department of the Custom House, was honorably discharged to-day, the Commissioner deciding that no case was made out against him.

Six iron moulders, who struck against the Brooklyn Union, were put under bonds to day by Judge Voorhees for trial before the Grand Jury on a charge of conspiracy.

A young man had his leg broken in Jersey City to-day while playing base ball.

The Campaign in Tennessee.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 10.—A large number of citizens of all parties called on Gov. Senter as a mark of respect.

Mr. Sheridan, Register for this county, was removed to-day and Edward Muller appointed in his place.

The Marysville *Republican*, Stokes' paper, has changed its position and is now for Senter. The *Republican* is owned by a colored man named Scott, who discharged his white editor and placed his own son in charge of the paper; hence the change. During the war Scott published the *Colored Tennesseean*, a weekly paper in Nashville.

The Stokes' County Convention met here to-day and nominated candidates for Senator and Representatives. One of them is a colored man.

Central American News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 10.—The steamship Henry Chauncey brings Aspinwall dates to July 2d and $27,777 in treasure.

The Panama *Star* says, after announcing that the loan of $2,000,000 had been negotiated in Paris for the completion of the Inter-Oceanic Railway in Honduras, that not a rail had been laid nor a sod turned toward commencing it, neither has the route been surveyed.

The yellow fever is subsiding in Peru.

Central America advices state the claims of France and Italy against Nicaragua have been amicably arranged.

Verdict of Not Guilty.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 10.—The case of Joseph Croxton, charged with the murder of Benjamin Miller, which has occupied the attention of the Criminal Court for the past week, was concluded this afternoon, Col. Phil. Lee on behalf of the commonwealth making the final argument, which was eloquent in the extreme, and listened to with marked attention. The case was given to the jury at half past two and after an absence of one hour they returned a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was then discharged, receiving, as he left the courtroom, the congratulations of his friends.

Chinese Labor in the South.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 11.—Telegrams and letters from the entire southwest state that meetings are being held and delegates appointed to the Chinese Labor Convention on the 13th. A number of planters are already here, and preparations are being made for the reception of delegates and visitors.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Presents from Mexico for President Grant, Mrs. Lincoln and others—Currency Statement—Government Bookbinders and the Apprentice Question—News from Cuba—Sale of Spirits in Bond Ordered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 10, 1869.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The shipments of fractional currency during the week to national banks amounted to $114,130. The Treasurer holds in trust for national banks as security for circulation, $342,871,100; as security for public deposits, $23,764,500. Mutilated bank notes burned during the week, $101,700. Bank currency issued for bills destroyed during the week, $132,592; total issued previously, $14,576,948. Bank circulation outstanding, $299,780,495. Fractional currency destroyed during the week, $516,600.

PRESENTS FROM MEXICO.

The Collector of Customs of the Port of Georgetown a few days ago received a magnificent collection of solid silver articles intended as presents for President Grant, General Sherman, Ex-Secretary Seward and Mrs. Ex-President Lincoln. They were sent to this country from Mexico by Sabos Iturbide, in behalf of a modest Mexican, who refused to have his name made known, and said that in his transport of delight at the abolition of slavery he was prompted to prepare these little tokens for some of the principal actors in that good work. President Grant receives a silver coffee set of thirty-six pieces and some dressed leopard skins; General Sherman an egg boiler and holder; for ex-Secretary Seward there is an inkstand and penholder most ingeniously contrived, besides a call bell; and Mrs. Lincoln's portion of the lot is a heavy card basket. All of these articles are of solid silver without any dearth of metal and of most beautiful finish and workmanship. President Grant and General Sherman's portion were delivered yesterday. Some idea may be formed of their value from the fact that the duty on President Grant's lot was $748 and on Gen. Sherman's $164.

GOVERNMENT BOOKBINDERS.

To-day the Committee of Bookbinders appointed at a meeting of their society presented an address to Superintendent Clapp, of the Government Printing Office, concerning his intention to put a number of apprentices at work in the bindery at that establishment. Mr. Clapp responds denying the right of any private organization to dictate to the Government Printing Office who shall be employed, and contends that in the race for life there should be no discrimination of race or color. The ground of the bookbinders is that the number of bookbinders is already more than the demand, and by employing apprentices their chances for employment will to that extent be lessened. The Superintendent, in his reply, does not see things in the light of the society. In the meantime the Douglas and apprentice question in the composing room remains unsettled.

ADVICES FROM CUBA.

Cuban partizans have the following advices from Nuevitas and Puerto Principe to the 27th. They say there have been no movements of a decided character in either district. The Spaniards have been reinforced at Nuevitas and are thus enabled to retain possession of the railroad from that city to Puerto Principe and give succor to the garrison of the latter city, which is threatened by Cubans under Quesada. In the district of Puerto D.l Padre there have been several skirmishes. The health of the Cubans is good and the soldiers were organized. There is great anxiety to learn the views of the United States Government and the position it will occupy in the contest.

SALE OF BOND SPIRITS ORDERED.

The Internal Revenue Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, has ordered Collectors to sell all spirits remaining in bonded warehouses on the first of July.

GO TO BALTIMORE.

The President will attend the singing match for prizes on Monday evening at the Maryland Institute, Baltimore, accompanied by his Cabinet, General Sherman and others.

APPOINTMENT.

The President has appointed John Deitrick Surveyor of Customs for the district of Velasco, Texas, vice Wm. C. Wigley, suspended.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $1,405,995; total for the week, $8,149,715.

WASHINGTON, July 11, 1869.

YELLOW FEVER AT KEY WEST.

The United States steamer Talapoosa, which arrived at the Navy Yard yesterday from Key West, had no contagious diseases on board, and reports that up to the time she left there had been but one case of yellow fever at that port.

FURTHER NEWS FROM CUBA.

Letters have been received in this city from prominent officers in the Cuban army of the Republic via Nassau and Key West with dates to the first instant. The intelligence of the arrest of members of the Cuban Junta and others who desired to give practical aid to the Cubans who were struggling to achieve their independence has been received and produced a most profound impression of surprise and regret. No other news could have caused such a feeling of despondency. One of the writers states "it came like the news of the death of your nearest and best friend, your only friend, and the feeling of all seemed to be that we were alone and must expect no assistance. However, all seeing that it is now liberty or death, for no mercy can be expected from the Spaniards, will fight as only men driven to such desperation can fight." Letonia, who has succeeded Lesca in command of the troops garrisoning Neuvitas and Puerto Principe and guarding the railroad between those cities, is reported to have met with a serious loss in the desertion of some two hundred of his troops to the standard of Quesada. They report the dissatisfaction among the Spanish troops to be increasing every day, caused by the frequent changes lately of the commanders of these posts and the Generals and regimental commanders. Frequent collisions were reported between the outposts of the two forces in the eastern department, with but small loss on either side, though the Cubans claim an advantage of position and of earnestness on the part of their troops. The Spanish Commanders continue to execute all prisoners immediately on their capture, even those who are wounded are executed on the field. General Quesada has hitherto respected the rights of prisoners. This policy is giving dissatisfaction in his camp, and a number of his followers demand the right to retaliate.

BOND PURCHASES.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to purchase three millions of United States bonds each Wednesday during the present month, to be held subject to the future action of Congress. The currency balance in the Treasury is about thirty millions, owing to many National Banks having been discontinued as Government depositories. It is supposed the bonds which they deposited as securities, having been released to them, will be thrown upon the market for sale.

POSTOFFICE EXPENSES.

The reduction in the expenses of the Postoffice Department, owing to the discontinuance of useless mail service on Western and Southern routes, is up to date $734,000, while by other arrangement, the general service has been much improved.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.

Chief Justice Chase and Miss Chase returned to Washington yesterday evening. Business will detain the Chief Justice here some days, after which he will attend the Centenial Commencement of Dartmouth College, of which he is an alumni.

VIRGINIA GOVERNOR ELECT.

Governor elect Walker, of Virginia, arrived here to-day.

CUBA.

Rebel Correspondence Captured—General Order of the Captain General.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 10.—A quantity of correspondence from the rebel army to parties in New York, designed to be sent by the steamer Moro Castle, has been intercepted at Batabano, and the persons in whose possession it was found arrested.

Captain General De Rodas has issued a general order to commanders of different jurisdictions of the island. The Captain General enjoins upon them to respect the lives of all unarmed citizens, and to arrest no one on vague suspicions. He instructs them to rigidly respect all the legal rights of foreigners. He says the Government will hold officers of the army responsible for the good discipline of troops, and instructs them to forward to him dispatches relative to matters in their departments, containing only the facts as they transpire.

Latest from Mexico.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 11.—The *Herald's* special from Havana, July 10th, had advices from Mexico to the 3d inst. On Saturday, July 3d, the Cabinet Ministers of President Juarez entertained General Rosecrans at a breakfast. United States Minister Nelson had entered upon his duties.

On the 25th inst., Minister Marriscal and Commissioner Placios will sail from Vera Cruz for the United States.

Intelligence from Sisal reports that on the 8th ult. a force of five thousand Indians made a raid within fifteen leagues of Merida, the capital of Yucatan. They captured one hundred and fifty of the State troops, and threatened to return in October and seize the city. The State authorities guarantee the lives of all who abandon the movement and submit to the government.

VERA CRUZ, July 5, via HAVANA, July 11.—The elections throughout the country have resulted in favor of the Government. The Legislature of the State of Queretaro has been declared illegally assembled and members have been suspended from their functions. Orders have been issued by President Juarez for elections in that State for a new Legislature. General Bustamente, Governor of San Luis Potosi, has been arrested and is now in prison.

Senor Mariscal, Minister to the United States, will sail for his post by the next steamer from this port.

Alleged Counterfeiters Arrested.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 11.—Yesterday afternoon, Col. Whitely, Chief of the United States Secret Service, and a detective, arrested John D. Williams, John D. Wood, Eli Field and A. Eckert on a charge of dealing in counterfeit currency. Wood had four hundred dollars in fifty cent stamps in his pocket. At Erie Hotel, corner of West and Robinson streets, from information received from Eckert, who is said to have confessed to Colonel Whitely, the detective found a trunk containing one hundred dollars in five dollar notes and a number of burglars' tools. The prisoners were locked up.

The Yellow Fever at New York Quarantine.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 11.—The bark Rebecca Caruna, from Matanzas, arrived at quarantine with several cases of yellow fever. Four of the crew died on the passage.

Thomas McCord, seaman from bark Valkyvia, from Havana, died yesterday of yellow fever on board the hospital ship. The remaining patients from the Saratoga, Jas. H. Grand, paymaster, R. H. Anderson, quartermaster, and Frank J. Pratt, apprentice, are convalescing rapidly.

Excitement at Greenville, Illinois.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 11.—The *Democrat* has telegraphic advices from Greenville, Ill., to-night, that John Moore has confessed that he attempted to ravish Mrs. McAdams, and failing, killed her. The citizens are much excited and incensed and threaten to lynch him, but he pleads for time that he may prepare for death.

Dominion Revenue.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, July 10.—The revenue of the Dominion for June is $1,030,919; expenditures, $598,437.

BALTIMORE.

The North Eastern Saengerbund—Gala Day in the City—Reception of Societies.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 10.—Baltimore today, in anticipation of the arrival of Societies composing the North Eastern Saengerbund, presented a gala day appearance. The stars and stripes, with the North German flag, floated from public and private houses the entire length of Baltimore and Broadway streets and throughout the city generally. Societies from Philadelphia and New York arrived about seven o'clock this evening and were met at the depot by Societies from Baltimore. Forming a procession the line of march was taken up Broadway and Baltimore streets to Monument Square, where the procession arrived about half past eight o'clock. The entire line was brilliant with Chinese lanterns and transparencies and joyous by many bands of music. A salute of twenty-five guns was fired from Federal Hill and there was a grand display of fire-works. Arriving at Monument Square the Societies formed in front of the stand when a German song, by Stolz, was sung by the Societies of Baltimore. Mr. Steinbeth, President of the Festival, and Executive Committee, then introduced Mayor Banks, who welcomed the visitors in a short and appropriate address. After further singing and a welcoming address at Concordia Hall, the visitors were taken to their quarters.

The Committee who visited Washington this morning to invite President Grant to be present, report he accepted the invitation, and that he and his Cabinet, with General Sherman, Admiral Porter and other distinguished gentlemen will be present on Monday evening at the prize singing.

There are about sixty-five Societies present, twenty-nine from New York, twenty-two from Philadelphia, two from Washington, one from Columbus, O., one from Richmond and singers from Milwaukee and Cincinnati.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—The Saengerbund was formally inaugurated to-night by a performance at Maryland Institute. The immense hall was filled and the choruses were most efficiently rendered by several hundred singers, male and female. The performance was a complete success.

The grand procession, composed of various singing societies and nine regiments of Maryland National Guards, will take place to-morrow. In the evening the prize singing will take place. President Grant and members of the Cabinet will be present.

Weather Report.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PLAISTER COVE, July 11.—10:30 P. M., cool and cloudy, with light gales; fires required at night.

PORTLAND, July 11.—Thermometer at 10 A. M. 93 degrees; 2 P. M., 98 degrees; 10:30 P. M., 74 degrees.

BOSTON, July 11.—Highest mercury in the evening, 96 degrees; about three o'clock there was a heavy thunder storm and severe rain; 10:30 P. M. thermometer 74 degrees.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Highest point of thermometer in the evening, 96 degrees; heat tempered by slight showers.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—Highest mercury 96 degrees; 10:30 P. M., 90 degrees; light northwestern winds.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—Highest thermometer 98 degrees; 10:30 P. M., 92 degrees.

AUGUSTA, GA., July 11.—7 P. M., thermometer 102 degrees.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Flour steady at $4,62½@5,50. Wheat; supply limited and market firm at $1,60. Legal Tenders 75. Mining Stocks during the week were dull, closing irregular; Alpha, 27; Belcher, 26; Bullion, 21; Chollar, 304; Confidence, 52; Crownpoint, 54; Empire Mills, 70; Gould Curry, 116; Hale Norcross, 138; Imperial, 66; Kentuck, 170; Occidental, 22; Ophir, 22; Overman, 85; Savage 91; Sierra Nevada, 37; Yellow Jacket, 62.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Maj. Gen. Thomas and staff left Portland, Oregon, July 8th, for Alaska.

—Two convicts escaped from Sing Sing, N. Y., on Saturday, during a heavy rain shower.

—The announcement of Madame Havcraft's death, at St. Louis, was premature. She still lives.

—Mr. Seward is confined to his hotel at San Francisco, by an attack of rheumatism, and declines to receive visitors.

—Yesterday was the hottest of the season at New York. The thermometer at 3 P. M. marked 98, and at 10 P. M. 82.

—Risdon, the alleged last survivor of Powell's expedition, has been lodged in the Springfield, Illinois, jail charged with stealing a horse.

—Johnson, who shot Vandemont and two policemen, at Memphis, some weeks ago, surrendered on Saturday and was committed without bail.

—St. Louis citizens have made a premium of five hundred dollars for the best milch cow to be exhibited at the St. Louis fair in October next.

—A carriage maker named Bushy, from Wheeling, W Va., committed suicide at Cambridge, Mass., on Friday of last week, by cutting his throat with a razor.

—Capt. Wm. Dyer was killed on Saturday at Reed street wharf, Philadelphia, by a capstan bar, while engaged in hoisting a boiler from the wreck of the frigate New Ironsides.

—Susan Lameraux, aged seventy years, was murdered in West Thirteenth street, New York, by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Rosanna Dean, in a fit of insanity. The weapon used was a hatchet.

—The petition of Wm. Kriel, the wife murderer, for a rehearing of his case before the Court of Appeals at Louisville, Ky., has been granted and the matter will come up before that Court in September next.

—On the 14th inst. there will be held in Louisville, Ky., a State Convention of colored men for the purpose of considering the welfare of their race and the best method of encouraging education. The attendance promises to be large.

—The first spike of the Southern Central Railroad, connecting Oswego with Auburn, N. Y., was driven Saturday with imposing ceremonies. The spike, of solid silver, was driven into a polished oak tie by the President of the village, W. L. Jones.

—The Connecticut Legislature adjourned *sine die* on Saturday. The session was twenty two days shorter than last year, and cost the State $26,000 less. Both Houses held night sessions last week, crowding business so as to reach an adjournment.

—Another match between Allen and McCoole has been arranged. Articles of agreement have been drawn up and two hundred dollars aside deposited. The fight is to take place on November 10th, within fifty miles of Cincinnati. George Wilkes is spoken of as the final stake holder.

—A Committee of officers of the New York Seventh Regiment, now at Saratoga, have perfected arrangements for their excursion to Albany, Troy and Saratoga. The regiment will be reviewed by Gov. Hoffman and will inaugurate the new hall of the Union Hotel with a grand ball, given by the citizens and visitors at Saratoga in honor of the regiment, on the 22d inst.

—Thomas Sweeney was arrested and committed to jail on Saturday, at Buffalo, N. Y., for the murder of his brother John, while boating in the harbor on Sunday last. On returning to the shore on the day mentioned, Thomas reported John had fallen overboard and drowned. The body was recovered and bore evidence of the skull being broken with an oar, teeth knocked in and other marks of violence.

—The furniture factory of Bailey & Co., at Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Loss $20,000; insured for $6,500 in home companies. The furniture of the steamer United States, ready to be delivered, was among the furniture burned. The building was a four story brick. The fire originated in Boggs' blacksmith shop, wooden, adjoining. This was totally destroyed; loss $5,500; no insurance.

—Further telegrams received confirm the account of great floods in the Colorada valley, Texas. The water was ten feet deep in the Court House square at Lagrange. It is estimated that twenty-five houses have been seen passing down the stream. The river was still rising. Staging has been stopped for four days. The town of Columbus is entirely surrounded by water. The Brazos river is also very high, and was still rising at the rate of four inches per hour.

—The Grand Jury of the Common Pleas Court of Cincinnati concluded their presentment as follows: "While we as individual citizens congratulate our young men, the 'Red Stockings,' in their victorious career over all competitors in the United States, we would at the same time warn them and all others who participate in all such exciting games, to do so with moderation, and that they be careful not to violate laws of God or man."

—There now seems to be no doubt that John Moore is the murderer of Mrs. McAdams, who lived near Greenville, Illinois. It is also ascertained that previous to her murder he ravished her. The excitement is very high in the community, and there is a strong disposition to lynch Moore, but the evidence against him is not considered strong enough to justify it. The man arrested at Woodville has been brought to Greenville, but he does not answer the description given by Moore of the man who is said to have been seen lurking around Mrs. McAdams' house.

OF THE rich men of New York, the *Commercial Advertiser*, taking the last income for the text, observes: "The man who leads the list, A. T. Stewart, everybody knows is an Irish emigrant, who commenced life with a capital of less than twenty-five cents. Henry Keep boasts that he graduated from the Poor House of Jefferson county. Jay Gould drove a herd of cattle from Delhi, Delaware county, when a lad, for fifty cents a day, in order to get money enough to reach the Hudson river. David Groesbeck, over thirty years ago, used to mend old shoes for his brother, who was a respectable shoe maker in Albany. We all know the history of James Gordon Bennett and Robt. Bonner, poor boys full of talent and industry. Rufus Hatch, when a youngster, had an ambition to hold the reins of a peddler's wagon. E. D. Morgan commenced life with a quarter measure of molasses. It is scarce a dozen years since Henry Clews was an errand boy in one of the banking houses down town. The brothers Seligman started out in life with a peddler's pack. David Dows, in his younger days, retailed pork by the half pound, and molasses by the gill. H. T. Helmbold was first cabin boy on the sloop Mary Jane, that navigated the Delaware river."

THE Dayton (Ohio) *Ledger*, Vallandigham's organ, is still urging a reorganization of the Democratic party or the formation of a new one. It says: "What is needed, in our judgment, is for the old, tried and trusty statesmen of the Democratic faith to infuse some of the wisdom that characterized their former action into the young heads that are everywhere around them, and allow them to lead off in the crusade against crime and usurpation, entrenched in place and power, and supported by one of the most corrupt band of traitors that ever controlled a political organization of the patriotic people of this country. Even the time-honored name of Democracy might be laid aside, if necessary, for the accomplishment of such a holy purpose.

NEW YORK.—The total value of the real and personal property in the city and county of New York for the year 1869, according to a recent official statement, is $964,100,597, against $908,436,827 in 1868, being an increase of $55,664,270. The separate items are as follows in 1869: Real estate, $684,140,768, personal estate, $279,959,829; in 1868, real estate, $623,-236,555; personal estate, $285,199,772, so that the real estate has increased $60,-904,213, and the personal estate has decreased $5,239,643. Among the items of personal estate, the bank shares are valued at $74,547,134 in 1869, and $75,998,019 in 1868, being a decrease in 1869 of $1,450,885.

THE sugar beets grown in California are said to be twice as sweet as those produced in France and Germany. Those grown in South Jersey have been found to contain twice as much sugar as those grown in Massachusetts.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CONTENTMENT.

BY O. W. H LMES.

Little I ask: my wants are few:
I only wish a hut of stone
(A very *plain* brown stone will do)
That I may call my own:
And close at hand is such a one
In yonder street that fronts the sun.

Plain food is quite enough for me:
Three courses are as good as ten;
If Nature can subsist on three,
Thank Heaven for three. Amen!
I always thought cold victuals nice,
My *choice* would be vanilla ice.

I care not much for gold or land:
Give me a mortgage here and there,
Some good bank stock, some notes of hand,
Or trifling railroad share.
I only ask that Fortune send
A *little more* than I shall spend.

Honors are silly toys I know,
And titles are but empty names;
I would, *perhaps*, be Plenipo—
But only near St. James;
I'm very sure I would not care
To fill our Gubernator's chair.

Jewels are baubles; 'tis a sin
To care for such unfruitful things:
One good sized diamond in a pin,
Some *not so large*, in rings,
A ruby and a pearl or so,
Will do for me; I laugh at show.

My dame should dress in cheap attire,
(Good, heavy silks are never dear:)
I own perhaps I *might* desire
Some shawls of true cashmere,
Some marrowy scarfs of China silk,
Like wrinkled skins on scalded milk.

Wealth's wasteful tricks I will not learn,
Nor ape the glittering upstart fool;
Shall not carved tables serve my turn,
But *all* must be of buhl?
Give grasping pomp its double care,
I ask but *one* recumbent chair.

Thus humble let me live and die,
Nor long for Midas' golden touch:
If Heaven more generous gift deny,
I shall not miss them *much*,
Too grateful for the blessings lent
Of simple tastes and mind content.

BILLIARDS.

BY HENRY WARD BEECHER.

I have received many letters asking an opinion of Billiards, and especially of the propriety of indulging in the game.

As to the game itself, it must be regarded as one of the most charming that was ever invented. Unlike sedentary games, it incites an unremitted activity, both of body and of mind. The walking about the table, the strokes, the various postures into which the body comes in adapting the stroke to the position of the balls, afford a gentle exercise of the most refreshing character.

The mind likewise, without severe taxation, as in chess, is kept alert and sharp. The whole game is manly, ingenious, and eminently agreeable. It can be played by men and women alike. It is not noisy like ten-pins; it requires but little space, compared with many other games; and is not so absorbing but that a conversation may be carried on, and the pleasure of friends and spectators be considered.

The only objections to the use of billiards are intrinsic of the game ieself.

1. "Billiard saloons are full of temptations to young men."

This is very apt to be true. It is a good and sufficient reason for dissuading one from billiards, *in saloons kept for the purposes of the game.* In many places the billiard saloon is the very head-quarters of village iniquity. There, one will meet whatever in the neighborhood is the least restrained in morals or opinions. They are head-quarters from whence issue corrupting influences. In even the most select and elegantly furnished billiard saloons of the city, young men will, if facile to temptation, find so many unfavorable influences, that fathers may well be solicitous of sons who frequent them.

If the question be asked, Ought young people play billiards? I should answer, Yes—unhesitatingly. But if it be asked, Ought they to frequent billiard *saloons?* Even more emphatically I should say, No!

But, in private dwellings, or in halls of young men's associations, where there is no *bar*, and where betting, and the associations which usually accompany it, are scrupulously excluded, there seems no good reason why so noble a game should not be used for recreation and exercise, especially in large towns, where one has but little choice, and indeed little chance, of pleasing exercise.

2. But, it is asked, "Is it not a waste of precious time, that might be better employed?" That depends upon circumstances. Every one must form a judgment for himself. If one becomes fascinated with the game, neglects regular duties, and makes the game a considerable part of his business, he should be ashamed of such an abuse of an innocent amusement. But when one eats too much, we do not exhort him to eat not at all, but to govern and moderate his indulgence.

Recreation is an important aid to industry. He who has no amusement cannot work as well as he who has one. There is liability to excess,. in two directions. Some over work, and some over play, and both are to be guarded against.

There is no more danger of wasting time at billiards than at base ball, or at rowing or riding, or any other manly exercise. The objection is not any more against billiards than against all pleasing recreations whatever. And a blow at rational amusement is a blow at good morals. For, as society is now constituted, unless a channel be made for the overflow of the fancy, it will find one for itself, silently, clandestinely, dangerously. Secreted amusements are full of danger. Open and manly amusements are refreshing and wholesome.

3. "But if one begins with billiards will it not lead to cards, to the race-track, and to all fashionable amusements?"

It *may*. But so may a school, a church, a lecture, a concert, or any other place of concourse, be used as a point of decline and of evil association. But there is nothing in a home game of billiards that tempts to dissipation or irregularity. It is singularly free from all such excitement. If a young man can be kept from evil only by being shut off from all temptation, he should be imprisoned for life. But God did not so order the world. Men *must* be tempted. They are to learn how to overcome evil by feeling its pressure. If nothing may be employed out of which temptation can come, then one must give up life itself. There is temptation in leisure, and in work; there is temptation in spending, and in earning. There is temptation in thinking, in feeling, in willing, in action. One must learn safety, not by hiding, but by conquering.

4. The theory of amusements is both clear and simple. But the practice of it is complicated. "*All things are lawful, but all things are not expedient.*" The habits of a community, the state of public opinion, the convictions and even the prejudices of society, the occupations of men, the prevailing tendencies of different communities should be taken into account, in determining what amusements are to be encouraged, and how far. A thing may be expedient and safe in one place, while, from social and local reasons, in the very next village the influence of the same practice may be evil.

There can be no universal rule. The health and the very morality of a community make it desirable that the number of manly recreations should be increased rather than diminished. Parents, guardians, and teachers should hail every rational amusement as a friend to morality. And yet, no matter how innocent any practice is *per se*, as soon as any amusement, from local reasons, is found to work practical mischief it should be disallowed.

In fine, in regard to billiards, the game is a noble one. It should be encouraged in all safe ways, and discountenanced only when it is surrounded with such evil associations as will be likely to pervert its innocence and make it an instrument of evil.

The nobler sort of young men have it in their power to enfranchise many of the most notable games and amusements from the blight of betting. If every considerate gentleman would treat such tendencies as positive vulgarities, they would soon decline, and pass over into the hands of those who are excluded from good society. It behooves young men to vindicate their own amusements. —*New York Ledger.*

Orgies of the Morgan-Killers.

[From the Chicago Sunday Times.]

St. John's is observed by those people who killed Morgan. Morgan is the man who was killed in time to carry an election. His initials are G. E.,—Good Enough Morgan. Having some curiosity to see the people who killed Morgan, in order to carry a New York election, I went out to the celebration at Haas' park. The men who killed Morgan had red plumes in their hats, which indicate their bloody character. They also all had swords. They are the same kind of swords with which G. E. Morgan was slaughtered. They also carry several immense poles, which are pointed at one end. These poles are employed for the purpose of marking spots to be used for the graves of those whom the order slaughters. A good many of the men had engravings of skulls on their breats. These are accurate likenesses of the skulls of men who have been murdered by the Masons. When a Mason has killed three men, he is entitled to wear a likeness of his victims' heads, and to take the degree known as Golgotha. This is the true explanation of these skull-badges. Of course the Masons do not own it. They pretended that they wore these skulls on account of the wet weather. They said a flood might come up, and they wanted to be ready to skull themselves to dry land. The Masonic performance at Haas' park was of a sinister character. How many men and women were slaughtered during the orgies of the day, and buried among the shadows, no one, unless a member of the anti-Masonic society, will ever know. One man not a Mason was discovered among the crowd. An hour later he was found prone on his back behind a tent. He was dead, yes, dead drunk. Some of the ceremonies of the saturnalia were horrifying. One Druidical looking Mason, with a long gray beard, and lurid spectacles, read something from a roll of manuscript. As he did so he was surrounded by an auditory that occupied itself with wierd and fantastic ceremonials. His words seemed to fill them with a strange power. Unearthly sounds filled the building in which one could distinguish gurglings like that of blood from gashed throats, or the flow of champagne from bottles. The air was filled with whizzing pellets the size of corks. Bursts of laughter tore through the din, the further the speaker with the lurid spectacles proceeded, the louder grew the clamor. It was a fine address, probably. It was a ceremony said to be illustrative of the condition of the Masons who built the tower of Babel. Nature evidently does not like Masonry. It rained terrifically. The building in which the Morgan-killers were assembled was a shed which did not shed water. Apparently it was a wood shed; in reality, it was a wouldn't shed. Some of the Masonic rites are peculiar. As everything about the craft has some mathematical connection, the triangle, the square, the pentagon, &c., were symbolized. The circle was represented by six small rings about the size of a silver dollar. A Masonic candidate would take these six rings and attempt to throw them, one at a time, over spikes driven in a board. To take one of these degrees costs twenty-five cents. If the candidate threw one of the rings around one of the spikes, he was adjudged worthy and well qualified. Another degree, which was conferred upon a good many, was one in which the candidates stood in rows, and poured an amber-colored fluid, with a creamy surface, into their opened mouths. These degrees cost five cents each. One man took forty-two of these during the afternoon. He was then the highest Mason on the ground, except a thermometer. There was a thermometer on the ground that had reached the 85th degree. Among other orgies of the Masonic gathering was one in which the members of the craft formed squares on a smooth board floor. Then, to the sound of music, they broke into parallelograms, rhomboids and diagonals. Each member, in this class of orgies, was accompanied by a woman. The latter seemed to like it. Every once in a while would be heard a loud exclamation. It came from somebody who was being murdered. In several cases of which I was a witness, these fell victims of Masonic vengeance were outsiders, who were disposed of by being shot in the neck. Lovely women were there who mingled with the descendants of men who killed Morgan as freely as if they had been pious members of the young men's Christian association. A woman is a mystery. Her liking for Masonry can only be explained on the ground that it is composed exclusively of men. In loving Masonry, she is engaged in a sort of wholesale business of the affections. The sexton of the order is a man named Berry. He has charge of the Berry-al services. It has its Baily, which will hold more than any other institution of the kind in existence. And all this time the killing was going on about the encampment. Just how many were slaughtered will not be known with certainty until the next meeting of the anti-Masonic convention. Mrs. Livermore is not a member. She stated the other day that when she was born she turned her face to the wall and wept because she was a girl, and was therefore forever debarred from being a Mason and obtaining her rites. There were several cases of missing men, which shows the true character of Masonry. One woman missed her husband. They had been long married and she had learned to like him. And now he had gone. She commenced a frantic search. She found him in a tent, conversing in low, impassioned tones with a woman younger and better looking than herself. Her heart was broken at that sight! Such are the doings of Masonry! They had what was called an encampment. A Mason in camp meant one who was engaged in something horrible, as can be proved by the proceedings of the anti-secret national convention. The latter had some camps. Toward night, when the Masons grew tired of slaughter, they simply selected their victims, and left them bound. I saw scores of them bound—for home. It was a thrilling spectacle. One's heart bled as he contemplated their woe-begone faces. Enough has been said, in this article, to show up the true character of Masonry. Their orgies, at Haas's park, among the trees, show their treasonable nature. The number of nights among them prove the darkness of their proceedings. Unless everybody wishes to be Morganized, they should be suppressed.

POLIUTO

Wire Railroads.

"A railway without cuttings, embankmenta, tunnels, viaducts, or bridges, no matter how hilly the country to be traversed" such is the definition given by *Herapath's Journal* of an invention now in use in Leicestershire, and a working model of which may be seen in Gresham street, E. C. The wire tramway provides a simple and cheap substitute for a line of rails, and is of great service where, from the scarcity or intermittent character of the traffic, or the engineering difficulties of the ground to be got over, it is either not expedient or impossible to go through the expensive process of forming a local railway. For the wire spans over and evades obstacles in place of burrowing under or levelling them, and will perform its task as easily along a rugged tract of country as on the smoothest road. The experiment being now prosecuted with complete success between some Leicestershire stone quarries and a railway station three miles distant, consists of an endless wire rope, supported on a series of pullies carried by substantial posts, which are ordinarily about 150 feet apart, but the interval between which may be greatly extended, as is shown in one case where the span from post to post is 600 feet. One of the ends of this rope passes round a Fowler's clip-drum, worked by a portable steam engine, and this drives the rope at a speed of six miles an hour. Boxes are hung on the rope at the loading end near the quarries by a pedant which is ingeniously arranged to preserve a perfect equilibrium, and at the same time to pass without hindrance over the supports. Each of these boxes carries one hundred weight of stone, and the delivery is at the rate of 300 boxes, or ten tons per hour for the three-mile distance.

Already wire tramways on the Leicestershire model are in course of erection in France, Italy and Spain. Negotiations are on foot, too, between the Turkish Government and the engineers here, and it is not improbable that this generation may see goods carried by wire as commonly as messages. The tramway is, indeed not unlike an exceeding stout electric telegraph; and there is something almost droll in the sight of a regiment of well-laden trucks or boxes, passing along it at stated intervals, and at a regular pace, much as if they were at aerial drill. The most important point in Mr. Hodgson's invention is his method of passing the points of support, which consists in so curving the frame of the truck or box as to make the centre of gravity come under the rope. So admirably is this managed that some of our leading engineers have been discussing quite recently the possibility of constructing a stout wire tramway between Dover and Calais, which should be supported from a line of pillars sunk in mid-ocean, and along which passengers could be conveyed. The cost would be comparatively small, and suspensory trains could, it is argued, be dispatched across the channel without difficulty or danger.

It should be stated that where heavy loads must necessarily be carried, a pair of stationary supporting ropes, with an endless running rope for the motive power, are employed, and that by these means as many as a thousand tons can be easily conveyed. The cost of erecting these tramways in England, and of supplying motive power and rolling stock, is from £150 a mile for carrying fifty tons a day, in boxes holding half a hundred weight each, to £1,500 a mile for one of the double rope lines, to carry one thousand tons a day, in boxes or trucks holding six hundred weights each. For all districts where there is traffic, but where it would not pay to construct a railway, the wire tramway is particularly applicable, and, as will be readily understood, wherever there is standing room for posts, there a line can be erected. A recent application from traders in copper for putting up one for them, which should run through an African forest, and over an African jungle down to the coast, illustrates the varied circumstances under which the new system of transport may be applied.

A Female Lawyer.

Mrs. Bell A. Mansfield, lately admitted to the bar in Iowa, is a young lady of 24, and a graduate of Iowa Wesleyan University. Her husband, Prof. J. M. Mansfield was admitted at the same time. The committee of lawyers appointed to examine Mrs. Mansfield say in their report:

"She has passed a most eminently satisfactory examination, given the very best evidence of long and careful study, of excellent application, and a thorough acquaintance with the elementary principles of law. Your committee take unusual pleasure in recommending the admission of Mrs. Mansfield, not only because she is the first lady that has thus applied for this authority in the State, but because, in her examination, she has given the very best rebuke possible to the imputation that ladies cannot qualify themselves for the practice of law. And we feel confident, from the intimation of the court given on the application made, that we speak not only the sentiments of the court and of your committee, but the entire members of the bar, when we say that we heartily welcome Mrs. Mansfield as one of our members, and most cordially recommend her admission."

MISS NORAH GILES, daughter of Rev. Henry Giles, the well-known lecturer and essayist, a beautiful and highly educated young lady, eighteen years of age, was drowned at Bucksport on Saturday by the upsetting of a boat.

FIRST AMERICAN CITIZEN—The New York photos are first-class Second ditto—Ya'as; but I mean to wait till I get to Rome, and hev one taken by one of the Old Masters.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
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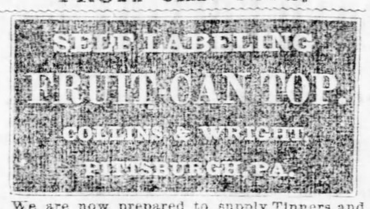
FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
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JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF

CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns

English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,

AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.

Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
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NEW CARPETS.

FINE CARPETS.

CHEAP CARPETS

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES.

Mattings.

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my24:d&wT

NEW CARPETS!

June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST

VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,

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Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED

INGRAINS,

VERY SUPERIOR

QUALITY AND COLORS.

An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.

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GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

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OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

THREE PLY AND

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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.

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Embroideries and Laces.
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Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
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GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy15:m67

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J..

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.
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UNITED STATES HOTEL,

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Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
my21:l94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

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PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
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Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
E. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
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FULL LINE OF

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Very Cheap.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

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The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $450 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

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Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

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It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

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PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY July 10, 1869.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

The market has been remarkably steady during the past week, and while there has been a fair volume of business in the aggregate, there has been less fluctuation in prices than for several weeks past, and that sensitiveness and uneasiness which has so long prevailed appears to have, to some extent at least, subsided, The report in regard to the production for June, is just about what operators generally expected it would be, though some of them are disposed to doubt its correctness, believing as they do, that it is larger than the *Herald* report makes it.

The Receipts Crude this week, 21,800 bbls—last week, 33,700; from January 1st to date 406,585: same time last year, 614,276; Exports Refined this week, 12,083; last week, 13.151; from January 1st to date 232,151; same time last year, 292,839. Sales this week, 57,300 bbls; last week, 77,300. As will be seen from the above figures, we are considerably behind thus far this year, compared with same time 1868.

CRUDE.

The Crude market is firm and moderately active and while, compared with yesterday, there is no material change in prices, the tendency if anything is still upward. Sale 2,500 bbls, seller 60 days, at 15; 1,500 buyer all year on private terms; 1,000 each July at 15, and August at 15¼; 4,000 buyer all year at 17, to be guaged in tank; and 6,000 bbls at Oil City, seller till September 1st, at $6,10.

REFINED

Was reported a shade easier at the close, and reports from the east stated that most of the July orders had been withdrawn. Sale 500 July at 32½; 1,000 at 32. Spot quoted at 32; August and September 33½; August to December 33¼@33½; and July to September 33.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	320 bbls
J. Wilkins	160 "
Pool & Bro	80 "
J. J. Vandergrift	560 "
Total	1,120 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co. 150 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Thos. Hackett, 252 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 152 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 200 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lyons & Bro., 312 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 200 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined 1,864

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 217 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

A. Hertz & Co., 800 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined 1017

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 55 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co,, Philadelphia.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Ashes; pots steady at $7,37@7,62; pearls nominal. Cotton opened dull and closed with rather more tone; sales of 875 bales at 34¼@34½c for uplands. Flour—receipts of 5,995 bbls; 5@10c lower and less active, with sales of 7,100 bbls at $5,20@5,60 for superfine state and western, $6,50@6,90 for extra State, $6,20@6,90 for extra west, $7,00@7,25 for white wheat extra, $6,50@7,60 for R. H. O., $7,00@7,50 for extra St. Louis, and $8@10 for good to choice do.; closing dull; California quiet, with sales of 200 bbls at $6,45@6,90; Oregon quiet at $8,15@9,50. Rye Flour firmer, with sales of 300 bbls at $4,10@6,40. Whisky firmer, with sales of 150 bbls western at $1,02@1,04 for free. Wheat—receipts of 95,308 bus; heavy and 2@3c lower, with sales of 41,090 bus at $1,51@1,52 for No. 2 spring, latter price an extreme: $1,52 for winter red western, $1,60@1,61 for amber Michigan. Rye scarce and firm. Barley dull, with sales of 2,000 bus German at $1,45. Barley Malt quiet. Corn; receipts of 73,278 bushels; the market opened steady and closed dull and declining, with sales of 46,000 bushels at 75@95c for new mixed western via canal; 93@96c do. via railroad, and 97@98c for high mixed nearly yellow. Oats; receipts of 19.075 bushels; the market is firmer, irregular and unsettled, with sales of 38,000 bushels at 82@84c for western afloat, closing at 82@83c. Rice is quiet and unchanged. Coffee is quiet, with sales of 351 bags Rio at private terms. Sugar steady, with sales of 356 hogsheads Cuba at 11@11⅞c, 46 boxes Havana at 11½@12c, and 300 bags St. Domingo at 10¾c. Molasses is dull and nominal. Petroleum quiet at 17c for crude, and 32@32½c for refined. Hops are firm at 8@15c for American. Leather—Hemlock Sole is quiet and firm at 30@32c for Buenos Ayres, and Rio Grande light and middle weights, 26½@29c for heavy do; 30@31½c for California light and middle weights, and 26½@28c for heavy do. Coal—domestic firm at $7,50@8 per ton by cargo. Wool quiet and firm, with sales of 300,000 pounds at 48½@56c for domestic fleece; 26@28c for unwashed; 25@26c for shearings; 42@46c for pulled; 70c for tubbed; 26@33c for Texas, and 28@36c for California. Linseed oil firm at $1@1,02. Spirits Turpentine quiet. Metals—sheathing copper quiet at 32c; ingot copper in limited demand at 22@22¼c for Lake Superior and Baltimore. Pig iron quiet and firm at $39@44 for Scotch, and $36@42 for American. Sheet dull at 11@15c gold for Russian. Bar quiet and drooping at $85@90 for refined English and American. Nails dull at 4¾c for cut; 6¼c for clinch; 26@30c for horse shoe. Provisions—Pork quiet and firmer, with sales of 47 barrels at $32 00@32,20 for new mess, and closing at $32,50; regular, $31,62 for old do, $26@27 for prime, and $28.50@29,00 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales 180 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady, with sales 100 bbls at $20@31,50. Cut Meats quiet and heavy, with sales 250 pkgs at 13¼@14c for shoulders, and 16@16¼c for hams. Middles firm and quiet, with sales 25 boxes ice-cured at 15¾c. Lard quiet and steady, with sales 380 tcs at 16¾@19¼c for steam, and 19⅛@19¾c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 16@30c for Ohio, and 16@36c for State. Cheese quiet at 11@15½c. Freights to Liverpool firm, with engagements 50,000 bush wheat at 8d per sail, and 9d per steam.

Lvtest—Flour quiet and a shade lower. Wheat dull and heavy and 1@2c lower. Rye quiet and firm at $1,30 for western. Oats dull at 82@83c for western afloat. Corn dull and lower at 92@95c for sound mixed western via canal and railroad. Pork quiet and steady. Beef dull and nominally unchanged. Cut Meats in moderate request, without decided change in price. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard quiet at 19¼@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 21@22c.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Money market unchanged. Eastern Exchange firmer; banks selling at 1-10 per cent. premium. Freights active and a shade firmer; engagements were made at 14¼@14¼c for Wheat to Buffalo, and 7½@8c to Kingston. Flour quiet but firm at $5@5,20 for spring superfine. Wheat fairly active both on speculative and shipping account; owing to unfavorable advices from the east the market was low; sales No. 1 at $1,32@1,32½; No. 2, $1,30@1,31 and No. 3, $1,21@1,22½, closing quiet at $1,30¾@1,31 for No. 2; after 'change the market was dull and unsettled with sales of No. 2 at $1,29½, seller July. Corn quiet and lower, closing at 78c for No. 2; speculators were the principal operators; sales at 82@84c, No. 1 and 77¾@79c, No. 2; after 'change there were sales of No. 2 at 78c, seller last half July. Oats quiet and unsettled and prices 1@1½c lower, closing at 68c for No. 2. Rye dull and inactive and 2@3c lower on No. 1, closing nominal at $1,06. Barley dull and inactive in the absence of sales; the market may be quoted nominal at $1,40@1,45 for No. 2. Highwines firmer; sales at 96@97c, closing at the outside figure. Provisions dull. Mess Pork nominal at $33. Lard 18@18½c. Dry Salted Shoulders 12¾c. Sweet Pickled Hams firmer; sales of 100 tierces at 17c. Receipts—3,761 bbls flour, 74,300 bush wheat, 68,985 bush corn, 17,952 bush oats, 400 bush rye and 3,822 head hogs. Shipments—4,817 bbls flour, 23,500 bush wheat, 42,934 bush corn, 56,319 bush oats, 2,175 bush rye and 8,385 head hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Tobacco is quiet with not much offering. Cotton nominal at 32½@33c. Hemp in better demand with sales of undressed at $1@1,40. Flour active and higher for low grades; superfiines sold at $5,10@5,67½; X at $5,75@6; XX at $6,25@6,50; XXX at $7,25@7,50; fancy at $7,75@9,50. Wheat—choice old and dry new fall stiff at full prices; No. 2 spring sold at $1,20; prime now and old red fall $1,30, and choice new red and white $1,45. Corn firm and higher at 85@88 for mixed; 90@92 for yellow, and 96c@$1 for choice fancy white. Oats higher at 69@70c for mixed, and 71c for prime white. Rye easier at $1,10. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions firmer but not much doing. Pork sold on orders at $33,25. Bacon at 14c for city shoulders; clear rib sides at 17¾c; clear sides 18¼c; sugar cured hams canvassed 21c. Lard nothing doing; choice held at 19c for small lots. Cattle steady and unchanged at 3½@6¼c. Hogs firm at 8@9¼c. Receipts—flour 2,000 bbls; wheat 5,500; corn 5,100; rye 200; wheat 5,500; oats 4,800 bush; hogs 200.

CINCINNATS, July 10.—Flour firm and demand light, with sales family at $6@6,25. Wheat held at $1,35@1,40; closing dull. Corn scarce and firmer; ear at 75@77c. Oats advanced to 72@75c, and are in light supply. Rye dull at $1,15. Whisky advanced to 96c, and is in good demand and held higher. Provisions firmer, but unchanged. Mess Pork held at $33. Bulk Meats at 12¾@15¾@16¼@16¾c. Bacon at 14@17@17½@18c, with no sales. There is good demand for Sugar Cured Hams, with sales 300 tierces at 21c; now asking 22c. Lard dull at 19c; not saleable at better than 18½c. Butter scarce and firm at 22@28c. Eggs at 17@18c. Sugar firm and in fair demand; New Orleans at 13½@15¼c. Coffee in good demand at 21@26½c. Linseed Oil dull at $1@1,03; demand quite light. Lard Oil at $1,42@1,47. Petroleum at 28@30c. Gold at 135½, buying. Money market is unchanged and currency in better supply. Exchange firm at 1-10 per cent. discount, buying, and at par, selling.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—Flour; city made at $9 for treble extra white, $7,75@8 for double extra amber, $6,75@7 for double extra red winter, $6 for extra red winter, $6,50 for double extra spring. Country made at $7,50@8,25 for double extra white, $6,25@6,75 for double extra red and amber $6,25@7,25 for double extra spring. Wheat; sales of 1,000 bushels of No. 1 red winter at $1,40, 2,000 bushels of No. 2 do. at $1,32, 3 cars do. at $1,31½. Corn; sales of 1 car of No. 1 ear at 78. Oats; sales of 1 car of No. 1 at 76. Rye; sales of 3 cars of No. 2 at $1,10. Petroleum; refined at 28@29 seller July and August; crude held at $6,50.

OSWEGO, July 10.—Flour steady and unchanged, with sales 1,500 bbls at $7@7,25 for No. 1 spring; 7,50@7,75 for amber winter, $8,25@8,50 for white, and $9@9,25 for double extra. Wheat firm but quiet, with sales 2,000 bush amber Michigan at $1,55½, and 5,000 bush prime white Canada at $1,90; Milwaukee club is held at $1,53, with buyers at $1,50. Corn scarce and nominally higher. Canal Freights—wheat 8¾c, corn 7¾c, and rye 8c to New York. Lake imports, 60,000 bush wheat. Canal exports—600 bbls flour, 22,600 bush wheat, 24,500 bush corn, 2,700 bush rye.

PHILDELPHIA, July 10 —Flour firmer, with sales superfine at $5@5,25, extras at $5,44@5,75, and Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family at $6,25@7,25; the latter for choice; Pennsylvania do. at $6@7; Ohio do. at $7@7,50; fancy at $9@10,50. Wheat moderately active, with sales old red at $1,47½@1,55; new do. at $1,55@1,57½; new amber at $1,59@1,60; choice Jersey do. at $1,60. Rye sells at $1,33@1,35. Corn scarce and advanced 4@5c; yellow at $1.03, high mixed western. Oats firmer; western at 77@80c. Groceries, Provisions and Petroleum unchanged. Whisky at 95c@$1,05.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—Cotton nominally unchanged and no sales. Gold 136⅝. Sterling 150¼. Flour—low grades in demand; superfine $6; double extra $6,50; treble extra $6,75. Corn—white $1,07. Oats 76@77c. Bran $1,05. Hay $26,50. Pork $34,50. Bacon 14¾, 18¼, and 18¼c. Lard—tierce 19¾@20½c; keg 21½@21¾c. Sugar firm; common 10¾c; prime 13¾c. Molasses nominal; choice fermenting 69@64c. Whisky $1,02½@$1,05. Coffee—fair 14¼@15¼c; prime 16¼@16¾c.

TOLEDO, July 10.—Receipts—Flour, 500 bbls; wheat, 12,000 bush; corn, 12,000 bush; oats, 1,500 bush; rye, 200 bush. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat 3c lower; amber $1,42; white Michigan regular $1,41; No. 1 red $1,37, closing rather firm at the quotations. Corn 1c lower, closing steady: No. 1 85c; No 2 81c; condemned 60c. Oats quiet and firm; Michigan 71½c; No. 1 canal 71c. Rye in request at $1,05@1,10. Barley nominal.

MILWAUKEE, July 10.—Flour dull; choice Iowa and Minnesota, $6@6,25. Wheat weak at $1,34, No. 1; $1,30, No. 2. Oats easier at 70c, No. 2. Corn firm at 77c, No 2. Rye firm at $1,03, No. 1. Grain freights dull at 4½c to Buffalo and 8½c to Oswego. Receipts were 1,000 bbls flour, 65,000 bush wheat, 3,000 bush oats. Shipments were 2,000 bbls flour, 40,000 bush wheat.

CHICAGO, July 10 —Cattle quiet and 10@15c lower, at $5,10@5,75 for cows and light steers for city consumption and $6,00@7,25 for fair to good shipping beeves. Hogs dull and a shade weaker; sales at $8,25 for New York hogs, $8,30@8.50 for for fair to medium and $8,60@8,87½ for good to choice.

LOUISVILLE, July 10.—Superfine Flour $4,25. Grain and Groceries steady and unchanged. Sales 115 hhds Tobacco at $4,20@10,50. Provisions firm. Mess Pork $33. Bacon; shoulders 14½c; clear rib 18c; clear sides 18¼c. Lard; tierce 19½c. Sugar cured Hams 19½c. Highwines 95c.

MEMPHIS, July 10.—Cotton dull at 32½c; receipts 9 bales; exports 378 bales. Flour unchanged. Wheat: new $1,25@1,50. Corn: sales at 88@90c. Oats, 80c. Hay, $25. Bran, 21½@22c. Cornmeal, $4@4,25. Pork, $34,50. Lard, 19@21c. Bacon nominal: shoulders 14½c; sides, 18½c.

BALTIMORE, July 10.—Flour firm at previous quotations, and business restricted for want of stock. Wheat firmer and higher; sales at $1,50@1,60 for new red. Corn firmer; white $1,03@1,05; yellow 95@97¼c. Oats firm at 70@80c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1,01@1,03.

DETROIT, July 10.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat: weather very fine and market weak: sales No. 1 white at $1,64; No. 2 do. $1,36@1,37. Oats scarce at 70c.

NASHVILLE, July 10.—Cotton dull; low middling at 30½c; good ordinary at 29¼c. Wheat; sales at $1 per bush for reund choice. Family Flour at $7@7,50 per bbl.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Trade is dull and prices firm and some dealers have advanced Cambrics to-day ½c; Washington 13c, Victory A, Ballou and Red Cross 10½c, high colors 11½c, pinks and purples 12c; Hill's Bleached Muslins selling at 18½@19c; Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale 19c; Wamsutta 22½c; New York Mills 25c. Heavy Brown of best makes bring 17c; second 16@16½c; Southern 15½@16c: Pittsfield 13c; Gooding Steam Mills 4 4 Shirting 12½c; Dark Prints 13½c, which is a reduction of the opening price of Fall.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 10.—1 car stone, J L L Knox; 100 bbls lime, W B Hays Jr; 1 car lumber Hamilton, A & Co; 9 cars limestone ore, McKnight, P & Co; 2 do lumber, J L Moorhouse; 325 cakes, 6 bbls copper, C G Hussey; 50 bbls oil, J J Palmer; 6 bxs do, R E Sellers & Co; 50 bxs starch, J S Dilworth & Co; 50 do do, Haworth & D; 10 do, 2 crates starch, J H Lippincott; 15 crates starch, G W McClurg; 50 bxs starch, Rinehart & S; 25 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 25 do do, Smith, Johnston & Co; 10 bbls lager beer, J Kessler 9 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 19 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 17 bdls chairs, Hammer & Son: 25 hf bbls, dry apples, Little, Baird & P; 2 kgs butter, 1 bbl eggs, 13 sks oats, Head & Metzgar; 416 sks ear corn, McBane & Anjer; 8 bbls oil, 3 cases painkiller, B L Fahnestock; 5 tcs dry beef Carter, McGraw & Co.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 10.—20 half bbls fish, W M Gormly; 3 cars S corn, O H Allerton; 1 do staves, Wanderbut; 2 bbls japan, Harris & E; 40 sks corn meal, H Rea, Jr; 5 skg rags, 2 bbls eggs, Head & M 20 bbls flour, W H Nantker & Son; 100 sks do, R Knox & Son; 50 tcs ham J P Hanna & Co; 5 cases lard, Hagan & C; 4 tkgs tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 2 doz chair stuff, A Simpson; 117 sks oats, W H Hagon; 2 cars staves, M P Adams & Bro; 14 bbls cabbage, F G Craighead; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & L; 1 car staves, F Kober; 1 do do, Albright.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 10.—85 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 59 bbls tar, Livingston Bro; 2 cars metal, McKnight, P. & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, H Woodsides; 30 sks oats, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 87 bgs rye, W J Meek; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 139 sks oats, 10 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 2 bbls eggs, L & J Bianchard; 45 sks oats, J Carothers; 12 do do, S Ewart & Co; 4 cars railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 80 bbls oil, Pool Bro: 160 do do, Jas. Wilkins; 570 do do, J J Vandergrift; 320 do do, Fisher Bro.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 10.—1 bbl eggs, Woodworth & Davison; 2 do do, J A Jacobs; 200 bbls flour, Jenkins Bro; 100 do do, Shomaker & Sangenheim; 100 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car corn, O H Allerton; 5 tcs beef, E H Myers & Co; 100 hides, J W Strawn; 100 do do, Hartley, McKee & Co; 6 bbls alcohoal, B L Fahnestock & Co; 1 car rye, Cwlp & Shepard; 100 bbls flour, S Lindsay, Jr & Co; 1 pkg tobacco, O K McMullin.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 10.—1 car stone, J Shearer; 5 pkgs hardware, J Lautner; 2 pks oat meal, Jas Lockhart; 5 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 1 do do, J M Hemphill: 2 cars metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 100 bbls flour, J B McKee; 500 pigs lead, Beymer, Bauman & Co; 16 pcs timber, J T Fletcher.

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JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

RIVER NEWS.

The river is again receding at this point, with eight feet in channel last evening. Weather continues cloudy and hot, with occasional heavy showers of rain. Mercury at 5 P. M. 89.

The Argosy, from Cincinnati, is the only transient arrival we have to report.

The Lorenna, from St. Louis, and Julia, from Zanesville, are both due here this morning.

The Kate Putman departed for Cincinnati on Saturday evening with a moderate trip. Pilots, James Henderson and Captain James Hamilton.

The Wild Duck and barges departed for St. Louis. Pilots—Leander Patterson and Thomas Kinzey.

—The Sallie is to be placed on the dock at St. Louis.

—The towboat Valid is at work raising a sunken coalboat at Frankfort.

—The Nat Williams, having finished wrecking the America has, returned to Madison.

—The sale of the Belle Lee has been confirmed, and Captain Smoker has taken possession of her.

—Captain Roots' new boat, now building at Stuart's ship-yard, Madison, will be called the Travilla.

—Capt. James McGee, an old steamboatman, formerly of the Ohio river, died suddenly of apoplexy at St. Louis on Friday.

—The New York left Cincinnati for Louisville on Thursday, having been chartered to convey Noyes' circus troupe up the river from that point.

—The news from the mountain fleet is anything but encouraging. Hazlet's steamers are busy at work lighting the "heavy ones" at Dauphin Rapids.

—The Glendale, Capt. J. M. Coil, is announced to leave for St. Louis to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. She will be followed on Wednesday by the Bellevernon, Capt. J. J. Darragh, Jr.

—An oil boat, containing several hundred barrels of oil, owned by Church and Alexander, of Parkersburgh, caught fire on Tuesday, while in tow by the Oil City, above Marietta. The boat was cut loose from the steamer, and allowed float off. The oil was entirely lost.

—A weel known pilot, Jim Davis, is reported to haye fallen off the Friendship on last Saturday week, and drowned. There is some mystery attending the accident, as his clothes were found in his room and it is unknown as to the time it occurred. He had been drinking.

—The Dick Fulton No. 3, with 165,000 bushels of coal, Ella with 90,000, Baltic with 150,000, and Ormsby with 90,000 bushels of coal, arrived at Louisville on Wednesday. The Wild Cat, the last of the fleet, was expected to reach there on Thursday. The Baltic and Dick Fulton will take tows South.

—The Memphis *Avalanche* of Monday says: Sam. Houston, of the Hesper notoriety, and Supervising Inspector of the Sixth District, was in the city yesterday making an effort to remove our local Inspectors here, who do not seem to suit him. Houston received his appointment through the Radical Ku-Klux, who captured the Hesper for the purpose of making political capital in order to enable their friends to ride into office.

—Says the Louisville *Courier*: Captain Charles Brenham, an old steamboatman in the days of the Ambassador, under Captain June James, arrived here from San Francisco yesterday, having made the trip via the Pacific railroad in seven days. Captain B. will be remembered by all of our old steamboatmen, and his name will recall the palmy days of the river service. He has been in California a number of years, and has prospered, and is now a wealthy man. He has filled the office of Mayor of San Francisco, and is at present at the head of the mail line steamships from San Francisco.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger packet, BELLEVERNON....Capt. J. J. DARRAGH, JR., Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, 14th inst., at 4 P. M.

J. D. COLLINGWOOD, JOHN FLACK, Agents.

jy12

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer GLENDALE..... .Capt. JOHN M. HARE. Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by

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Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y, au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

A NEW ARTICLE.

GANTZ'S SICILY LEMON SUGAR for making lemonade; wants neither sugar or lemons. Put in one pound cans to make thirty tumblers lemonade. Just received and for sale by

JNO. A. RENSHAW, Je29 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CEMENT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale J. B. CANFIELD.

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ap10:o35

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ap2:g67

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mh29:w15

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ap6

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A large lot just received and for sale at lowest market price. W. W. KNOX.

my29:j98-SETH

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 35 boxes Goshen do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex....	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	11:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & M'l	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex..	2:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:48 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	"

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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OFFICE.
GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

MONDAY, JULY 12, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS.
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE.
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE.
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL MCCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "Contentment." Billiards, Miscellany. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Notes of Travel, Washington Items, Clippings, Amusements.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅞.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 135⅞.

WHEN the *Post* says "we want," it adds that "*we* means all the honest men in Allegheny county." Very cool, for this hot weather!

THE POLITICAL crisis in France has not yet culminated. The Emperor apparently hesitates to accept the liberal programme; a few days more must witness some conclusion.

THE *Post* enters an appeal from the decision of the Court of Quarter Sessions upon the illegal propositions of the Grand Jury. Why not get an injunction from Judge SHARSWOOD at *Nisi Prius?*

IT IS understood by the knowing ones that if General HANCOCK should receive the nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania, he will undoubtedly resign his position in the army and accept the same.

IT SURPRISES no one to hear that the Secretary of the Treasury is in no sense, whether actively or by any tacit assent, a party to current electioneering schemes for the next Presidency. Will his subordinates profit by a timely consideration of that fact?

IT HAS BEEN PROPOSED to locate the Soldiers' Monument at the south-western corner of Market and Liberty streets, provided the city purchases and donates that site for the purpose to the Association. The cost of that flat-iron of real estate would be enormous, but otherwise the site is worthy of attention.

THE New York and Erie, Pittsburgh and Connellsville and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Companies, it is hinted, have in view the early consummation of a project for constructing a railway through to Chicago in opposition to the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago route now in the control of the Pennsylvania Central Company.

AN enterprising firm in Cincinnati, recognizing the strength of the public demand, have commenced the manufacture of wnisky from garbage, potato peelings, street-sweepings and the refuse of slop-barrels. The product is commended by the local consumers as of superior quality. As such it will soon be offered to the trade and thirsty public of Pittsburgh.

THE long deep-sea section of the French Atlantic Cable has been successfully laid, the expedition having reached shoal water, on the Newfoundland Banks, two days since. The risks of the enterprise are ended, and it will be a matter of ease and certainty to effect the final landing, on the coast of Massachusetts, within the coming fortnight. Thus far, the business has been conducted with the quiet precision always characteristic of French mechanical and scientific skill.

THE ANTHRACITE COLLIERIES of this State are all in operation again, except those of the Hudson and Lackawana companies. During the suspension, large supplies of bituminous coal have been thrown in the sea-board markets. Our own Monongahela collieries have shipped, in the first half of the current year, twenty-seven millions of bushels to the west and south. This equals very nearly one million of tons.

THE POLITICAL ASPECT throughout the State is daily becoming more cheering, and unless the Democracy are more fortunate in their choice of a gubernatorial candidate than is indicated by present appearances, GEARY will walk over the course into his second term of office with an old-fashioned majority. Local issues are disappearing everywhere and Republicans are cementing together in solid ranks for the forthcoming campaign.

WE HAVE received the initial number of the *Northwestern Independent*, a new monthly paper published at Butler, Pa. It is a folio sheet, neatly printed, and contains a choice selection of interesting reading matter. Mr. CLARK WILSON, formerly of the Butler *Democratic Herald*, is the editor, and announces, as the name indicates, that "it will be independent in all things." Its first appearance is very promising and Mr. WILSON has our heartiest wishes for the success of his enterprise.

THE "UNINSTRUCTED" DELEGATES propose to reconstruct the Pennsylvania Democracy at Harrisburg this week. HANCOCK and the universal brotherhood of all the opponents of radical oppression, will be the ticket for them this year. It is not with our consent that our neighbors of the *Post* sell out their CASS stock, although we perceive and appreciate their difficulty in clinging to that veteran Democrat, while they surrender to colored suffrage. Deploring the sacrifice of men, we welcome the conversion in principle.

HANCOCK and Universal Brotherhood!

OUR LOCAL COLUMNS present an abstract of the collections of internal revenue in the XXIId District for the quarter ending June 30, '69. Notwithstanding the large falling off in the receipts for a portion of this period from certain sources specified, we may observe that the total collections under the present Administration show an increase in this district of $113,813.93 over the corresponding period of last year. About one half of this excess is obtained from incomes and special taxes. These figures show that Collector DAVIS is faithfully executing the Republican policy in the honest collection of the public revenues.

THE ELECTIONS in Mississippi and Texas have been deferredto November, to avoid any interference with agricultural industry. The test oath and disfranchisement clauses of the Mississippi instrument will be submitted separately, and the Texas Constitution, which is much more liberal, will be voted upon as a whole. The Legislatures to be elected will ratify the XVth Article, which is therefore likely to be incorporated into the Federal organic law some time during the next winter. This will give time for the needful action in Rhode Island, Iowa Missouri, Nebraska and Indiana.

THE Buffalo and Erie Railroad Directors have agreed to consolidate with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern line to Chicago. The proposition will be submitted to the stockholders at once.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* states, upon authority, that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company favors the early construction of the Ten Million Road thence to Chattanooga. There need never have been a doubt on this point; when that road shall be built the common interests of all concerned will lead at once to its lease to the Pennsylvania corporation.

The new seven per cent. bonds of the Allegheny Valley Railway, dated in April last, are on the market. The issue is understood to be intended to supply the needful funds for the construction of the new Mahoning line eastward, flanking the mountains and connecting with the Pennsylvania system on the tidewater slope.

THE SAGACIOUS *Mail* thinks we are disposed to bull the market in the interest of the GAZETTE oil farm, which, of course, we claim to be the long-lost buckle of the petroleum belt, and all this because we expressed the belief that the Pennsylvania petroleum regions are being rapidly exhausted. Unfortunately for the perspicuity of our contemporary, the buckle is part and parcel of the aforesaid regions, and if we desired to enhance its value we should adopt the opposite course and swear by all the rattling derricks and deep dry holes of Venango that petroleum basins are everlasting and inexhaustible institutions. We should then proceed to bore on the buckle, strike a perpetual thirty barrel well, and sell out for a fabulous sum and start a new afternoon paper with the money to counteract the very noticeable "bearing" of the crude oil market by the *Mail*, which may have an interest in keeping down the price of the product till some unfortunate contracts made by its next best friend are filled by delivery.

A NASHVILLE dispatch says:

It is admitted on all hands that the decision of the Supreme Court at Brownsville yesterday, affirming the power of the Governor to remove Registrars at his pleasure, secures the election of Senter. The latter will divide the Republican vote pretty equally with Stokes, while the vote heretofore Democratic, and the 15,000 made voters by a previous decision of the Supreme Court, will be unanimous for Senter.

THE BEAVER SENATORIAL CASE.

As the details, of the "arrangement" under which the Conference arrived at this nomination, have been narrated to us, by responsible and dispassionate individuals, there seems to be enough, at least, to raise a strong presumption of corruption. Hence the Republican organ of Washington county, which is ably and honestly conducted, refuses to recommend the support of Mr. RUTAN, until the matter shall be thoroughly investigated and he fully acquitted in the premises.

Of course, this case specially touches the honor of the Republicans of Washington and Beaver, and it pertains to them to try and decide it; and this, we doubt not, they will do. But, in a subordinate, though subordinate sense, this case touches Republicans everywhere, and even Democrats as well. No man ought to succeed in getting into any office by corrupt appliances, much less into a place of considerable permanence and conspicuity, like that of Senator, by disreputable instrumentalities. A person starting in the pursuit of office in that way, will be certain, upon getting it, at least to indemnify himself by dishonest practices for the preliminary expenses incurred.

If, therefore, Mr. RUTAN obtained his nomination by purchase, and that fact should be established with reasonable certainty, he should either be made to decline, or be put off the ticket by competent authority. Policy as well as principle points to this conclusion. If guilty of the charges made against him, he cannot be elected, as he certainly ought not to be, and it will hence be damaging to his party to allow him to remain in the position of a candidate.

We are not inclined to condemn any man by inuendo or unheard. We, consequently, leave this matter in the hands of the Republicans of Washington and Beaver, trusting that they will sift it to the bottom, and make such a decision as the evidence elicited shall necessitate and demand.

PENNSYLVANIA CROPS.

A trip, by daylight, through the State, enables us to speak with some definiteness as to the crops.

All sorts of fruits seem to be in uncommon abundance. Of cherries there never were more, though the flavor, as of strawberries, has been somewhat impaired by the unusual amount of rain that has fallen. Apples, peaches and grapes generally promise well, though there are spots where a deficiency will be experienced, owing to one local cause or another.

West of the Alleghenies, not much harvesting has been done. This is in part owing to the backwardness of the spring, and in part to the rains, which have made harvesting almost impossible. Not much grass has been cut, though the clover blossoms are all sere and brown, and the pollen has fallen from the timothy. While the grass is heavy, the hay, though abundant in quantity, will be deficient in quality. A large portion of it will be of less value as fodder than oat-straw, because the sap will be exhausted, and too much woody fiber formed before the mowers will be put in. The wheat fields present a deep red appearance, indicating ripeness, though we observed no fields in which the labor of gathering had been commenced. Rye is standing well, and turning yellow, while the oats, in deep green, are just showing their heads in process of formation.

Corn is decidedly backward. Very little of it is as high as it should be at this season, and much of it is of sickly hue, by reason of water standing in great patches upon the fields, or too liberally saturating the soil.

Potatoes are mostly in full blossom, and have a healthy look.

East of the mountains, the wheat and hay harvests have begun in earnest. In many localities a large part of the wheat has been cut and is in good condition.

Everywhere, the work of the farmers has been thrown too much together, by the peculiarities of the season, and some of it will consequently have to be slighted. Still, after making all reasonable deductions, the harvests throughout the State promise to be above the average, and are likely to be secured in a better condition than was anticipated a fortnight ago.

RECONSTRUCTION NOT PARTIZAN.

It is generally admitted that the Virginia election has been a fair one in the main. Its simple result is the reconstruction of the State on the Republican plan, but under Democratic auspices. A Federal existence is again secured at the expense, to the dominant party, of their prejudices against colored suffrage surrendered, of the inevitable ratification of the new Constitutional Article and of an ostensible endorsement of the main features of the Republican policy. The Democracy of Virginia, just now flying the Conservative flag, have wisely preferred even these concessions to a longer exclusion from their National relations. Submitting duly to so much as they find inevitable in the preliminary conditions, they rely upon other positive results for their partizan compensation. The local government is henceforth altogether in their hands; the Legislature shows majorities in which Republicanism, pure and simple, is without even the faintest show of influence; and the new Governor was always a Democrat, except in the patriotism which responded to the exigencies of the Rebellion by adhering therein to the Union cause. His earlier partizanship has gained for him now more Conservative votes than were repelled by his temporary fidelity to the flag. If he proves unexpectedly stubborn under the manipulations of the Democratic leaders, who have managed his election, he will be honorably exiled into the Federal Senate, making way for the more pronounced partizan, who is now the Lieutenant Governor. Six of the nine Congressmen are original and unchanged Democrats.

In view of these facts, it is a wilful or an ignorant perverseness which claims this election as a Republican triumph. No result could have been farther from that in Virginia. We remember that the politicians of that State are quite too wise in their present generation to invite, or to fail to avert as long as they can, such issues with the dominant party of the Republic as their friends have so rashly made in Georgia and Louisiana. Such is not the policy of a shrewder opposition in Virginia. They concede everything to appearances so long as they can secure an unbroken hold upon the real power of the State. They find Virginia in the Union, after the Republican programme, but under every other partizan condition in their own favor, to be infinitely more fruitful of Democratic profit than when governed as a military province, without even the shadow of political power. The field of local politics is broad; the barriers set up in the interests of an advanced republican liberty are high enough and strong enough, but they mark a far distant limit, which it is to be henceforth neither for their interests nor within the range of existing possibilities to transcend. Slavery is forever dead, and the freedmen are henceforth republican citizens. The political dignity and the material interests of Virginia, as of other states of the South, alike counsel such a practical recognition of that citizenship as shall best develop the social, political and industrial strength of their Commonwealth. Their statesmen wisely accept this truth, perceiving their direct account in it. So much of Republicanism is to their solid profit, and they adopt it cheerfully. They are confident of their ability to control all the new political elements for the profit of Democracy, and the result thus far shows that they have reckoned justly. They will ratify the XVth Article in good faith, and they will attempt no substantial invasion of the personal or political rights of the freedmen, because their interests jump with this good faith. Virginia Democratic under the new regime, which still faithfully recognising all the conditions of her reconstruction, is worth more to Democracy than a dozen Georgias; whose obtuse malignants stand in their own light and blindly exclude themselves from every solid advantage in the possession of either Federal or local power.

We concur heartily with the judgment of the Administration and of the country, in approving of the reconstruction of the State, even in the partizan interests which have just triumphed there. Far better so than not at all. It would be insane folly to oppose any resistance in Virginia more than in Pennsylvania, to the current of popular opinion, tend whichever way it may within the limits of the law. If the State is Democratic, and is to be so forever, which we have no fears of, that is no reason for denying to her the Federal rights which she has prepared herself legally to resume.

This restoration, in which the remaining States will speedily share, closes, we hope forever, the final scene in the great tragedy of the American Rebellion. The curtain falls upon the Union once more marching onward to a glorious eminence among the nations, reorganized in the name of Liberty and Humanity, not a slave under its wide-streaming banner, nor an alien to his birthright of republican citizenship among all the millions, of whatever race or former condition, who have first seen the light between the two oceans. In all the pages of its political annals, the student or philosopher, in the centuries to come, will discover no higher proof of wise statesmanship, no illustration of partizan magnanimity more exalted than in those chapters which shall record the final regeneration of the Union under the Republican policy. It was much that we have engrafted universal Freedom upon the organic law, but it is even more that we have preferred in the hour of our triumph one common country, once more restored to a constitutional harmony and peace, above any of the temptations of partizan advantage. It shall henceforth be reckoned the most admirable achievement of Republicanism, not that it assumed an absolute power for the safety of the Republic, but that it knew how to lay it down when the one great purpose had been served.

DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPERS, which a few months ago were prophesying a terrible deficit in the revenue and a consequent augmentation of the national debt as a result of the policy of Congress and the incapacity of President Grant and his Cabinet officers, are now engaged in assuring their readers that an increase of revenue and a reduction of the debt were inevitable, and that neither Congress nor the Administration is entitled to credit for the improved aspect of affairs. Did they lie then, or do they lie now?

HEMPSTEAD PLAINS, a barren waste of 7,000 acres on Long Island, is about to be purchased by Alexander T. Stewart, Esq., of New York, and several millions of dollars will be expended by him in putting up handsome improvements. Mr. Stewart has offered to the commissioners of the town of Hempstead in cash, the sum of $385,000, or $55 an acre for the land, and the question whether the sale shall be made is soon to be decided by a formal vote at a meeting of the citizens.

Frank Blair's Latest Appearance

The officers of the Army and Navy of the Gulf partook of their annual banquet at Long Branch on Thursday last. The affair was arranged on a grand scale, only one event occurring to mar the pleasures of the time. It was this: When Major General Frank P. Blair was called he said he would say a word for a people who had not yet had a voice raised in their behalf. "I will speak of the people who were once our enemies, and I know that when I speak of them before soldiers I speak before those who will heartily respond. Those against whom we contended, whom we aspersed as rebels, and whom we triumphed over as well. They were great and generous people, they were worthy of the steel of our best. We have heard here of Farragut and of Sheridan, but we shall yet hear of Lee and Stonewall Jackson. [Hisses and cries and great confusion.] Who is it dissents? [Number of voices—"We dissent," "I dissent," "Think of Andersonville and Libby Prison."] It would be little merit for us to have triumphed over a mean enemy. [The speaker was again interrupted by a storm of hisses.] I speak of them as our late adversaries. [Cries of "Traitors."] Are there no voices to be raised for them? [Cries of "Yes" and "No," great confusion, and cries of "Traitor."]

Admiral Farragut here decided that to introduce anything which interrupted the harmony was out of order.

General Blair sat down with a flushed face. It is due to him to say that he had apparently enjoyed the hospitality of his hosts, before he arose to speak, to a degree that rendered it difficult for him to express his ideas with his usual clearness. His conduct was universally condemned, and especially by his best friends. The excitement produced by this little episode soon blew over, and General Blair left the room.

A Magnificent Flower

At least one thousand persons stopped in front of Dr. Hallock's show window last night to admire a full-blown night blooming cereus. The plant had been placed there late Monday evening, in order that all might be able to see this most rare and exquiste flower. Although well advanced, it was doubtful whether or not it would bloom last night; hence no notice was given. During the afternoon its progress was very rapid, and by 7 P. M. it was well developed, and up to 11 o'clock there was a lurge crowd constantly around the window, gazing upon its matchless beauty. The corol or corolia of the flower is from five to six inches long. In the calyx the sepals are separate and very small, equalling in number double that of the petals. These separate parts turned well back towards the stem, which is at least nine inches long. The petals number twenty-four, nearly six inches long, and at the broadest part about one inch wide, though not uniform, some of them being not more than half an inch wide. The petals are pure white, looking like wax. The stamens are very numerous, and most delicate, the pollen being abundant, and, with the delicate filaments, looked at first sight like spider-webs filled with pollen. The pistil is long and straight, with a largely developed stigma. Altogether it is one of the most exquisite productions of the floral kingdom. At midnight the flower was fully developed, and was exceedingly lovely, though not as perfect as we have seen them in more Southern climes. There was another bud upon the cactus, which is quite large, and trained around much in the shape of a rustic chair back, but it fell off last night just as the other was commencing to develop, the stock manifestly lacking sufficient vitality to develop both. Those who rise very early this morning may see some of the rare beauties. It is very ephemeral, and lasts but for a night. Shortly after midnight the beautiful flower began to fade, or rather, as it were, to retire. The long and delicate sepals which had folded back toward the stem, again folded down over the petals, like the delicate fingers of modesty attempting to hide the face of beauty.—*Evansville (Ind.) Journal, June 30.*

Progress in Iron Manufacture.

Four new and nearly distinct improved processes are now being matured for the making of iron and steel. Two, the Lieman process and the Ellershausen process, are for the conversion of the ore into iron, while the Bessemer and the Heaton proceses are for converting the iron into steel. The Lieman process consists in converting the coal into gas before it is made to supply the flame used in smelting. By this it is contended that a vast saving in fuel is obtained, and the sulphurous and phosphorescent varieties of coal become available for manufacturing iron, as the sulphur and phosphorus do not enter into the gas but pass off before the flame comes in contact with the iron. This process has been for three years under experiment. The Ellershausen process dates but a few months back, and is being tested for the first time in several of the furnaces of Pennsylvania. The Bessemer process converts iron into steel, which is an alloy of iron and carbon, the latter being in the proportion of from five to two per cent.

The accumulated effect of these four inventions in this important department of manufacturing industry may reasonably be expected when they are all fairly at work, not only to render the manufacture of iron practicable at points which have heretofore been compelled to introduce it from abroad, but will cheapen, by one-half, the cost five years ago of both iron and steel.

INTEMPERANCE, it is reported, is very prevalent in Maryland, and it is believed that not less than one-third of the population is suffering from the effects of this terrible thirst for spirituous liquor. Under these circumstances, the trustees of the Maryland Inebriate Asylum have appealed to the public for aid in the erection of suitable buildings. This institution was incorporated nine years ago, but with the exception of a subscription of $23,000, nothing has been done to carry out the project. The State has also given to the Inebriate Asylum thirty acres out of the one hundred and thirty purchased at Catonsville for the use of the Insane Asylum.

IN ANSWER to the question as to what the Ritualists are going to do, the Rev. Mr. Mackonochie, of St. Alban's, Holborn, replies: "We are going to fight as long as we have breath in us for the full acceptance in the Church of England of the Catholic teaching which she has received, though her forefathers, in a tradition of eighteen centuries, from our Lord himself."

A Brave Son.

Daniel Upton, formerly a member of the Michigan Legislature, recently attempted to cross Black Lake, Mich., which is half a mile across, in a leaky boat, when it went to pieces, leaving him and his youngest son to get ashore the best way they could. The latter succeeded, but his father, becoming exhausted, began to sink. Eddie Upton, his oldest son, saw all their movements from the house, which is close to the shore, and, running down to the beach, shouted to his father to keep up good courage and he would save him. He quickly threw off his boots and outer clothing, and swimming out to where the old gentleman was struggling in the water, caught him just as he was going down the third time. Clinging to his father with an iron grip, he turned upon his back and swam in this manner to the shore, and, upon reaching it, sank to the ground insensible from exhaustion and excitement. Mr. Upton laid to all appearance dead, and in this condition they were found side by side upon the arrival of neighbors whom the youngest boy had called to the spot.

Earnestness.

Twenty clerks in a store. Twenty hands in a printing office. Twenty young men in a village. All want to get along in the world, and expect to. One of the clerks will rise to be a partner. One of the compositors will own a newspaper, and become an influential citizen. One of the apprentices will become a master builder. One of the villagers will get a farm, and live a patriarch. But which is destined to be the lucky individual? There is no luck about it. The thing is as plain as the rule of three. The young fellow who will distance his competitors is he who masters his business, who preserves his integrity, who lives clearly and purely, who never gets in debt, who gains friends by deserving them, and puts his money in the savings bank. There are some ways to fortune that look shorter than the dusty old highway, but the men of the community, the men who achieve something really worth having, good fortune and name, and serene old age, all go this road.

A CURIOUS fact has lately been brought to notice in regard to the Nevada silver mines. Heat, not water, is the chief enemy encountered after reaching a great depth, and instead of pumping out water, the company have to pump in air. A Nevada paper says: The increase of the heat in our mines is now beginning to give many of our mining companies more trouble, and is proving a greater obstacle to mining operations in those levels lying below a depth of one thousand feet than any veins or "pocket" deposits of water yet encountered. A number of the leading companies on the Comstock are now engaged in putting in engines to be used expressly for driving fans for furnishing air to the lower levels, forcing it through tubes of galvanized iron. With this great increase of heat in the mine, comes a great decrease of water; in fact, in our deepest mine, the Bullion, which has attained the depth of twelve hundred feet, not a drop of water is to be seen; it is as dry as a lime-kiln and as hot as an oven. In the lower workings of the Chollar Potosi mines, which have a perpendicular depth of eleven hundred feet beneath the surface, the thermometer stands at one hundred degrees—a frightful heat to be endured by a human being engaged in a kind of labor calling for severe muscular exertion. Here, also, we find the water to have decreased till there is at the present time a very insignificant amount.

A SOUTHERN paper insinuates that gentlemen who part their hair in the middle thereby imitate the wisdom of Solomon, who once proposed to settle a dispute between two women by parting the heir in the middle.

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an inconsestible proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be; DR. KEYSER, at his new medicine store, No. 167 Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance needful to the retention and relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted, at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance in his skill and integrity with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreducable rupture is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclement weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer with a protrusion such as rupture that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be so unfortunate as to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement and preserve it, so as to enable them to remember the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, No. 167 Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. CONSULTATION ROOMS, 120 Penn street, from 1 until 4 P. M.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

W. H. Reese, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in a letter of June 6, 1868, writes to this effect: "Having sold Hostetter's Bitters for the past four years, I cannot but speak of the article as being the best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6, I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my customers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that physicians prescribe it all over the country. Indeed, a great many families think they are not safe without your valuable tonic."

J. K. Witherspoon, Esq., a magistrate of Kernshaw county, S. C., states, under date of April 13, 1868 that he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. He first tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion, produced by severe attack of fever. Before the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that it did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced using the bitters his health, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and fever.

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date of April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspepsia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitters, after "various other remedies had proved powerless." Restored to perfect health, he thanks "that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. Spencer, of Brush Creek, Perry Co., Ala., writing thence Feb. 8, 1868, says: "I have used your Stomach Bitters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞THE BOARD OF DIREC-TORS of the NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny, have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst.
jy12:m9 JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE ARTIZAN'S INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1869.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, to be credited on the stock rates.
jy12:m10 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 360 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL,
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

HOPKINS STREET.—Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, 1869, at June Term, 1866, Quarter Sessions Court, a petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins street, City of Allegheny, was presented and ordered to be filed, and rule granted to show cause why a portion of said street should not be closed up and vacated.
JOHN C. McCOMBS,
jy12:m8-MTH Attorney for Petitioners.

VALUABLE STOCKS—EXCHANGE AND M. & M. NATIONAL, BANK OF PITTSBURGH, &c.
TUESDAY EVENING, July 13th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor o. Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
50 shares Exchange National Bank;
10 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
40 shares M. & M. National Bank;
50 shares Columbia Oil Co.
jy12 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.
Account of Wm. Johnston and C. Robb, executors of Andrew Johnson, dec'd.
Orphans' Court, No. 88, June term, 1869.
And now, to-wit, June 10, 1869, the Court, on motion of R. S. Woods, attorney for exceptants, appoint W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Esq., Auditor, to audit the account on the exceptions and make distribution of the balance in the hands of accountants. BY THE COURT.
From the Record:
A. HILANDS, Clerk.
The Auditor above named will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, at his office, No. 58 Grant street, Pittsburgh, on the 6th day of AUGUST next, at 2 o'clock P. M
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Auditor.
JULY 10, 1869. jy12:m6 M

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN
Straw and Millinery
GOODS.
HAIR, GIMP AND BRAID HATS AND BONNETS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
CRAPES, ILLUSIONS,
LACES, FRAMES, &c., &c.
At Very Low Prices.
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
STAR SHIRTS,
SUSPENDERS,
NECK WEAR,
HOSIERY,
LADIES FINE COTTON, BALBRIGGAN, LISLE, and SILK HOSE.
GENTS SUPERFINE AND FANCY HALF HOSE,
FINE SILK FANS,
PALM AND LINEN FANS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BOULEVARDE AND WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE GOODS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PIQUE HATS, something new.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, LACE GOODS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.
New Goods Arriving Daily.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
jy12

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of
WM. FLEMING & CO.
WM. FLEMING. J. G. BENNETT. J. W. OGLEVEE.
WM. FLEMING & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs,
AND
STRAW GOODS,
No. 139 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
jy6

J. K. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,
No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.
A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTRES constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done to order.

PHILOSOPHY OF THE PLAN OF SALVATION,
Part Second, $1 50. Just received by
R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
jy9:PSM 193 Liberty street.

LAMP, PITCHERS AND TRUMPETS,
Lectures of the Vocation of the Preacher, $1.75. For sale by
R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
jy9:PSM 193 Liberty Street.

MOPSA, THE FAIRY; by Jean INGELOW. $1.25.
VILLA EDEN. One volume, $1.75.
WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE, by Bushnell. $1.50.
For sale by R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
jy9:PSM 193 Liberty street.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY,
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

WOOL.
100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by
MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

J. E. YOUNGSON & CO.,
FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,
83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
☞Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATES & BELL'S
Reduced Prices
TO CLOSE THE
THE SUMMER STOCK
OF
Dress Goods,
Lama Lace Mantles,
Organdy Lawns,
Poplinett Silks,
Tarlatan Robes,
Silk Mantles,
Shetland Shawls.
Ladies Undergarments,
AT
LOW PRICES.
jy12:MWF

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE
COTTON HOSIERY.
LISLE GLOVES.
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS.
HOOP SKIRTS.
CORSETS.
WHITE MARSEILLES.
IRISH LINEN.
WHITE GOODS.
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES.
BUTTONS.
EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,
Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.
Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly
Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.
ALSO,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.
Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinsel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hochheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Maceira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.
ALSO,
Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
jy10-d43

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.
GRAY & LOGAN,
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,
Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.
Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits.
CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS
AT
GRAY & LOGAN'S,
No. 47 SIXTH STREET,
LATE ST. CLAIR.
jy1:130

ROSADALIS
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7:b10MWF

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

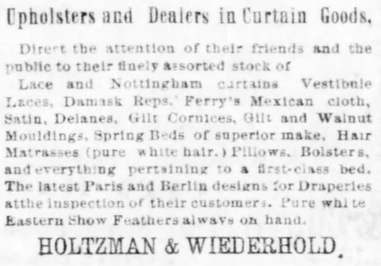
OPEN THIS MORNING.
NEW STOCK OF
Nainsook Muslins.
Jaconet Muslins.
White Marseilles,
Swiss Muslins.
AT 25 CENTS.
Fine, Plain, Striped and Plaid
NAINSOOK MUSLIN.
AT 22 CENTS.
WHITE MARSEILLES.
AT 37½ CENTS.
Fine White Marseilles,
AN EXTRA BARGAIN.
OPEN THIS MORNING.
SQUARE AND LONG
Black Thibet Shawls.
OPEN THIS MORNING.
Fine Black Mohair Alpacas
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
OPEN THIS MORNING.
New Ribbons and Flowers,
HATS AND SUNDOWNS.
Making our stock full and complete.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

100 WOOD STREET.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES.
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO. R. E. BREED & CO.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.
No. 100 Third Avenue,
Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods.
Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of
Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.
HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,
NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES,
EILDON SEMINARY,
North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.
Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open
SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,
At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:s80

WOOD TURNING,
SCROLL SAWING,
AND MOULDING
Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by
P. LEBZELTER & CO.
The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
my11:37 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S
FIRE-PROOF
Lamp
CHIMNEYS.
10:e28

REMOVAL.
H. HIGBY & CO.
Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,
189 LIBERTY STREET,
A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

KEYSTONE POTTERY.
S. HIER & CO.,
Manufacturers o
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET
☞All orders promptly attended to.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS
AT
LOWEST PRICES!
Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslin,
Linen Sheeting,
Pillow Case Linen,
Table Linen,
Table Napkins,
Towels,
Towellings,
White Quilts,
Colored Quilts,
Wool Table Covers,
Toilet Mats,
Irish Linens,
Shirting Muslins,
Linen and Cotton Diaper,
Cotton Table Cloth, &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Pronounced by
CONNOISEURS
TO BE THE
Only Good Sauce
And Applicable to
Every Variety
OF
DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851:
"Tell Lea and Perrins' that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."
Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of twenty cases or more; each case two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small. Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.
James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade. Robert Middlemass's celebrated Albert Biscuit. J. & G. Cox's Gelatine. Crosse & Blackell's goods. Delangremer's Recahout des Arabes. Guinness's Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales. Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the Wines of France, Germany, Spain and Portugal.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
Union Square and 46 Beaver street, New York, Sole Agents for MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS'.
je9:k31-WF

KISHOCOQUILLAS
SEMINARY,
FOR BOTH SEXES.
This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishocoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the freshest mountain air the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham, from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200.00.
For Catalogue, address
MARTIN MOHLER, A. M., Principal,
KISHOCOQUILLAS, MIFFLIN CO., Pa.
Refer to Rev. O. O. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.
je15:s0-TuT

GRAY'S FERRY
PRINTING INK WORKS.
C. E. ROBINSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic
INKS, VARNISHES, &C.
Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,
fe16:s80 PHILADELPHIA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.
W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se :jy16

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d88-TuTH 8

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S Bread.
The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else.

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD

DIVIDENDS.

☞DIVIDEND.—The Board of Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 41 Ohio Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.
☞THE DIRECTORS OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869.
GEORGE D. RIDDLE,
jy8:190 Secretary.

☞DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.
EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer,
jy7:168 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.
☞DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.
jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.
☞DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.
jy7:173 JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, July 3d, 1869.
☞THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith, free of all taxes.
jy6:196 R. W. MACKEY, Cashier

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 423 Penn Street.
☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.
jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

☞QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, Pa., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)
The Directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.
J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.
☞THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst.
JNO. G. MARTIN,
jy2:132 Cashier.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.
☞DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.
jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.
☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.
jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.
☞DIVIDEND.—The President, Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.
WM. ROSEBURG,
jy2:130 Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 119—$4,000.
Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,400.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.
One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.
3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.
2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.
2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 13-inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece,
1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.
700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.
Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY.
jy9:196

GREAT REDUCTION IN SUMMER GOODS, AT
J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,
59
MARKET STREET.
Fast Colored Lawns at 12½ Cents per Yard.
Fast Colored Calico at 9 Cents Per Yard.
French Chintz at 25 Cents per Yard.
Wash Poplins at 18¾ Cents per Yard.
Fine Dress Goods at 25 Cents per Yard.
Fine Double Width Dress Goods, at 30 Cents.
SHAWLS, CLOAKS, SUITS AND LACE MANTLES REDUCED.
Great Bargains in Housekeeping Goods.
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59
MARKET STREET.
jy10

GREAT REDUCTION IN SUMMER GOODS, AT
J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,
20
ST. CLAIR STREET.
12½ Cents per Yard.
9 Cents Per Yard.
Cents per Yard.
Cents per Yard.
25 Cents per Yard.
ess Goods, at 30 Cents.
D LACE MANTLES REDUCED.
Housekeeping Goods.
KER & CO.,
20
SIXTH STREET,
(LATE ST. CLAIR.)

☞NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Address A D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL to do general housework for a small family. Apply at No. 65 BEAVER ST., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.
CAUTION—No one is to be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

PERSONAL.

MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—Four commodious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $32 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch building.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply to Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—A New and Profitable ENTERPRISE; can have no opposition; covered by a patent; now in successful operation. Will take in exchange for the one-half, good land; balance in cash. Whole price not over $6,000. Reasons for selling, the owner wishes to leave the city. For particulars, enquire of E. W. McELWAINE, No. 125 Liberty street, near Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x150 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 8,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS, DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND ON WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is underlaid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME.—A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE.—FARM.—The cheapest farm in Armstrong county, Pa., 100 acres for $4,000 on easy terms. Splendid buildings and orchard, No. 1 land, all tillable. The improvements are worth the price of the entire property. There is at least $500 of a barg in in it at the above price. We have seen the property and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—A new 7 octave H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275. Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

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DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.

T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA..

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLI.: C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 88 Water and 100 First Sts.

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GENERAL PARTNERS:
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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

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STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Supt.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

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Attorney for the Trustees,

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Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,

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JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY MEER,

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS.

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. ap2

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

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☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariablyin Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAMS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:b40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,

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FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q6

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BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Without Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuff- Benzole, ing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

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Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FLUE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,

CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;

STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;

PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja8:c21

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IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

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A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months, intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank.
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak
25,000 ft. 8-4, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling;
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
200,000 No. 2 16-inch Shingles, sawed,
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
400 Tons Fire Clay,

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTEN, N. Yards—No. 187 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap26

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H. R. LYON.

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 6 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap18:

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Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

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EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

jy10:198

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CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

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John Floyd,

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je10:83

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:182

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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ja30:a1

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

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(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

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☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

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We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 10, 1869.

The gold market, which at one time during the week just past had touched 134, by the persistent efforts of the bear clique in stocks, and a tight money market, has recovered to 136¾, closing on Saturday at 135⅞. Although some parties still short in gold, and some importers, are still under the delusion that the exports of gold during the present month will be light, yet the very continued firm and high rates of exchange show sufficiently that such exports must take place to reduce our foreign balance. This is further illustrated by the difference in the loaning rates of gold, which has changed from ½ to ¼ per cent. per day to 7 per cent. premium.

Government bonds are well sustained and higher, and are likely to remain so during the period of the purchases by the Treasury. With the discontinuance of that support, the market must react. 10-40s are the cheapest bonds now, and are relatively one per cent. below the price of the other bonds. Changes in European market may temporarily have some reacting tendency, but a further rise is almost inevitable.

Stocks which were well sustained during the tight money market, did not feel the improvement of easier money and are rather lower and weak, tending actually downward, at the same time showing how dangerous it is to rely on the support of tight money when stocks are held by cliques who have secured cheap money. In our home market a hardening tendency for money is felt. Of bonds there are few offers of Allegheny Valley bonds at advanced prices. A new Seven per cent. Allegheny Valley Railroad bond, dated April 1st, 1869, and expiring October 1910, is offered on the market.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 118¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 121¾; do 1864, 119; do 1865, 119¾; do 1865, Consols, 117⅝; do 1867, 117⅝; do 1868, 117¾; Ten Forties, 108⅜; New York Central, 96½; Erie, —; Reading, 94; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 50¾, ex. div: Ohio & Mississippi, 32; Michigan Southern, 108¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 108⅝; Chicago & Rock Island, 105¾; Chicago & North Western, 80¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95¼; Adams Express Company, 59½; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 88¼; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37⅝; Am. W. Express, 40.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,70	$6,75
Paris, per franc	27¼c	28c
Berlin, thaler	99c	$1,00
Frankfort, florins	57½c	58½c

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 135¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 118¼; Five-Twenties, 1862, 121¾; do. 1864, 119; do. 1865, 119¾; Ten-Forties, 108¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 117⅝; do. do. 1867, 117⅝; do. do. 1868, 117¾; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 106; Lake Superior 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 10, 1869.

Money easier, closing with a good supply at 6@7 per cent. Considerable currency has been received by the banks from the west, one alone receiving nearly half a million. Sterling firm and quiet at 9¾@10 per cent. Gold firm, with less speculation, and it is believed the shipments here in a few weeks will be quite liberal. The shipments include $31,900 to Aspinwall, making a total of $649,300 for to-day, and about a million for the week. The price opened at 135¾, advanced to 136, and closed at 135¾.

The bank statement shows a contraction by the banks and an increase of specie from the Treasury disbursements. Loans, $255,424,942, decrease, $2,943,529. specie, $30,266,912, increase, $6,746,645' circulation, $34,277,925, increase, $59,972 deposits, $183,197,289, increase, $3,267,772 legal tenders, $48,702,728, increase, 965,465.

Governments opened steady and tinued firm, closed active and hig but nothing is known as to the fur purchase of bonds by the Governm The following are the closing pr Coupons, '81, 118¾@118½; do. '62, 1 122½; do. '64, 119@119¼; do. '65, 119 119½; new do., 117¾@118; do. '67, 117 118; do. '68, 117¾@118; 10-40's, 109@1 Pacifics, 106¼@106¼.

State Bonds are dull and lower. nessees, 56; Virginias, 61; North Caroli 43, Missouris, 87½. Railways op rather dull but became stronger u the bank statement and ease in mo and closed higher with a consider activity in Michigan Southern, York Central and Northwestern. press stocks are dull, except Wells Fargo's, which have advanced.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, Cumberland, 32; Western Union egraph, 37½; Quicksilver, 15; Mari 8; Pacific Mail, 89¼; Boston Water, Wells & Fargo, 23½; Adams Exp 39¼; American, 40; United States, New York Central, 196¼; Harlem Hudson, 165¾; Reading, 93¼; Erie, Michigan Central, 127¾; Mich Southern, 105¾; Illinois Central, Pittsburgh, 106½; Northwestern. do. preferred, 95½; Cleveland, Co bus and Cincinnati, 74; Rock Is 116⅝; St. Paul, 76¼; do. preferred, Wabash, 73¼; Fort Wayne, 152; Haute 37; do. preferred, 58; Chicago Alton, 158; do. preferred, 158; Ohio Mississippi, 32½; St. Joseph, 120.

Sub-Treasury receipts. $1,183,967; ments, $2,425,949; balance, $97,20 coin disbursements, $572,967; impor the week, $4,170,212.

Mining stocks at Boston: Calamu Copper Falls, 7¼; Franklin 12: Hec Hancock, 2; Minnesota, 1; Quincy Corry, 7¼.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETT SATURDAY, July 10, 1869

The, markets with the except Flour and Grain, have been very during the past week, business g ally being very dull, and it is not that there will be any immedia provement. There has been and considerable excitement in Grain the influence of the advices from York and Chicago, and Wheat and have advanced considerably. also, is firmer and higher, but th vance here has not thus far been eq the advance in the west, which is to a pretty sharp rivalry among dealers.

According to the tenor of the patches to-day, it would seem that action has set in at Chicago, having declined some 3@4 cents the general expectation is that the tom has not yet, by any means, touched. The recent "flurry" was s by an increased export demand supported by speculators, who wer raying large stocks, and so soon as get unloaded, they will change tactics, and use all their influe break the market, and force prices The Chicago *Tribune* of Friday say the Wheat market is extensively and that the article is in fair dema shipment if it could only be purc at paying prices. There is no doub the speculators have got hold wheat market now, as in past y this season, though they may able to manipulate it quite so m their own advantage, as in the c corn and oats. Still they have bu so that the margin is against the per, and New York must advance tively in order to give a profit.

A correspondent writing from V ly, (Middle Tennessee) to Isaiah & Co. of this city, report the cr that section of country as follows:

"Crop prospects here are ge good; our wheat harvest is over. a crop is better than usual, more th average. Corn although small season, looks well and the same of Cotton, and a late fall will put b right. Pea Nuts, small for the with more missing hills than usu I look for a largely increased crop

On last Monday there were at go, 1,554,052 bushels of grain, 2,608,655 bushels the corresp period last week; 2,123,265 two weeks ago, and 2,322,696 bush year ago. The shipments exceed receipts during the week by bushels of wheat; 304,88 bushels 123,808 bushels of oats, and 7,787 of rye. Total excess of shipment receipts, 454,003 bushels. There been no receipts or shipments of The falling off in the receipts is a table to the almost impassible co of the roads through the countr the busy season among the farme

APPLES—Sales of new crop at 4 per bbl. as to quality.

BUTTER—Quiet and unchange of fair to strictly prime at 20@25.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

CHEESE—Is in good supply a common grades are very dull; we common Western Reserve, at Factory at 16@17, and Goshen at

CARBON OIL—Quiet; may be in a jobbing way at 29@30, for st brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull and price inal—holders generally, anxious ize.

EGGS—Firm and in limited sales at 20@21.

FEATHERS — Supply in ha commission men almost exhauste geese may be quoted at 85@90 trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FROUR—Is firm, and the sup pretty well reduced, but the dem light and prices are unchange continue to report Spring Wheat at $6,25@6,75@7, and Winter W $7@7,50. These figures are not above Chicago prices.

GRAIN—Wheat is scarce and in milling demand, and prime to Red may be quoted at $1,40@ though we have heard of no sa $1,40. Corn is scarce and fir sales of mixed at 80, and prime at 85—store prices 3 to 5 cts. high firm with small sales at $1,25, and lots would bring $1,30. Oats fir generally held at an advance, bu ers report it very difficult, as yet, at higher prices. No Barley in n and not much wanted.

HAY—Sales new at $15@20, an $25@30.

HEMP—Sales 12 bales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per

LIME—Cleveland Lime is qu $2 50, per bbl, and Common W $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at 1,20 nd No. 1 at $1,48@1,50

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 1 Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17¼@18 Hams, 18¼@18¾; Plain Sugar Cu Canvassed, 21. Dried Beef, 2 Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and p Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

POTATOES—Sales new crop at $3,50 per bbl, and old at 40@45 bushel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River bran quoted, by car the load, at $1,75@

SEEDS—Small sales of Flaxs $2,45@2,50. No demand for Clo Timothy Seeds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

[Correspondence of the the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 7, 1869.

Leaving St. Jo by the H. & St. J. Road, the traveler passes through a ge range of sparsely settled prairie ntry, with here and there the begin- gs of a town, sometime to be the as of a rich and populous region. lling prairie has peculiar charms to transient beholder as well as to the riculturalist. As you are borne swiftly r it, it is not difficult to fancy you are in midocean; that those broad undu- ons are the low heavy swells of the antic, those scattered patches of ey streaks and flecks of foam, and white farm houses that occasionally ear dotting the horizon so many sails glisten in the slanting sunlight. There he same sense of awful vastness, when ng on some heighth you see the grass d waves stretching away in limitless ent till earth and sky meet, or both lost in the thin blue mists. No one o has not seen rolling prairie ought to it doing so, if in his power, before its rm is lost.

The principal points on the Hannibal St. Joseph Railroad are Cameron, ere the Kansas City road connects illicothe and Macon. There are nu- rous smaller places, but these named e present and prospective railroad fa- ties which will give them ultimate im- tance.

Macon City (everything is a city out e) claims five thousand inhabitants. s the point where the main trunk of the rthern Missouri Railroad crosses the nnibal & St. Joseph, and is at present narkable for nothing but its extreme wness, roughness and expectations. e Missouri & Mississippi Railroad, now nstructing from Keokuk, Iowa, to sgow, on the Missouri river, will pass ough here. From Glasgow it will nect by way of Sedalia with the Se- a & Fort Scott road, now partially ded, thus making almost an air line m Keokuk to Fort Scott, at which lat- place it joins the road from Kansas y to Galveston. That, when com- ted, will be an important line, and I derstand propositions coming from the nnsylvania Central are now under con- deration which will ensure its rapid mpletion. Macon City, with all these ds in operation, will be a desirable int for manufacturing enterprises.

The West calls loudly to the East for o things, the first of which, the most vious one to every traveler, is a hotel per in every town. The man that an't keep a hotel" is numerously rep- sented here. The only place outside St. Louis, except John's, where I nd a decent dinner, was at St. Joseph, the Sanders House, a very unpretend- g looking building, but run by a couple of ntlemen who attend to their own busi- ss and do it well. "A word to the se," &c.

The other thing wanted here is manu- turers. It is astonishing the immense antity of agricultural machinery sold roughout the country. Every freight in is loaded with reapers and threshing achines, and planters and cultivators of ery pattern, and other machines un- own to any body but a western farmer. way stations you see the platforms owded with them. In short they meet ur eye everywhere. And yet nearly l of them are made in Ohio, some in diana. Not one in Missouri, hardly en a plough. It seems to me an estab- hment for manufacturing these articles Kansas City, Macon, or Sedalia, could ot fail to be a success, and a fortune to homever engages in it.

In writing from St. Jo the other day, believe I spoke of the Council Bluffs oad as being "pushed to completion." he mistake could mislead no one, since believe it is generally known that the oad has been in operation for some onths. The only "pushing" going on that time was some repairs to culverts c., made necessary by the floods.

HITTY MAGINN.

Unusual Scene in Wall Street.

Seldom has Wall street been as ex- ted as now. Once or twice in its his- ry the troops have been sent down ere to keep people in order. If the ex- tement continues to increase as it has r the last five days, the presence of the olice will be needed to keep the bulls nd bears from rending each other. The ringency of money has been terrible. len who count their securities by hun- reds of thousands cannot get currency nough to meet their common liabilities. nheard of prices are asked and paid for oney such as no business can stand. Beside the withdrawal of currency from he market by the Government, a clique s known to exist who are locking up reenbacks and lending at high rates, eeping up the appearance of stringency, ut suffering themselves no loss. At ten 'clock yesterday morning a large crowd ollected in front of the American Ex- hange Bank. The central figure was Mr. Richard Schell, familiarly known as 'Dick Schell." He is the confidential perator of the Vanderbilt clique in tocks. He has made and lost more money in speculations in New York han any other man in Wall treet, except Jacob Little, the Great Bear of the Gold Board. Standing n the middle of the street, yesterday, is hat on the back of his head, his face ushed with excitement, his coat thrown ack, and gesticulating with his hands, e was shouting at the top of his voice: "There goes Shylock—*Shylock?* SHYLOCK, what's the price of money? What's the price of money, Shylock? There he goes! Look at him! Look at him!" This unusual state of things brought heads to all the windows, and runners from every direction. Mr. Schell is usually a very cool, self-possess- ed, quiet man. His unusual state of ex- citement produced a corresponding state of excitement outside. The party thus attacked was a tall, fine looking person, walking down Wall street, and very slightly moved by the shouts of Mr. Schell. In answer to the shout, "What's the price of money?" he replied, "What's the price of Erie, Dick? What's the price of Hudson?" The excited throng followed the parties up and down the street for a while, when some friends joined Mr. Schell, and they passed down into Broad street. The individual at- tacked is reported to have greenbacks enough locked up in his safe to ease the stringency of the money market. He is also reported to be loaning money at a most exorbitant rate of interest.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

The bona-fide Radicals of Virginia as- sert that the Administration was deceived into a partial support of the Walker movement, and that the so-called Con- servatives are now laughing in their sleeves at the success which would never have crowned their efforts if the President had not listened to the appeals of his political enemies.

It is Charles H. Langston, of Kansas, who is an applicant for the Liberian mis- sion, and not his brother, John M. Langs- ton. The latter was at the White House a few days since, not as an applicant, but in the interest of his brother Charles. The President said he had determined not to make a change in the mission for the present, but if the incumbent should be removed, he would appoint Mr. Charles Langston.

There are rumors that a dispatch has been received from London stating that Mr. Motley had a long interview with Lord Clarendon and Mr. Gladstone, yes- terday, in reference to the Alabama claims, and that the American Minister was dissatisfied with the result.

A Washington telegram to the effect that Senator Cameron and the Hon. Wayne McVeigh called on the President and protested against the appointment of Ben- jamin Harris Brewster to the Cabinte, and that Senator Cameron also recom- mended Mr. McVeigh for the Attorney Generalship, is a pure invention. Gen- eral Cameron and Mr. McVeigh did have an interview with Grant, but nothing was said of Mr. Brewster or of the Attorney Generalship, or of any appointments to any office.

The President will at once issue his proclamations ordering elections in Texas and Mississippi en the fourth Tuesday in November, which is the 30th of that month. The constitution of Texas is to be submitted as a whole, it not being thought advisable to allow a seperate vote on any provisions. The Mississippi constitution is to be submitted with a sepeaate vote on the enfranchisement clause; and also on the clause defining who are voters. Both elections take place on the same day. The stories pup- lished about Judge Dent consulted the President about accepting the Mississippi nomination are denied by that gentlman. Judge Dent settled in Mississippi direct- ly after the close of the war, has all his money invested in property there, marri- ed a Mississippi woman, and expects to live there permanently,

Hon. William Welch, of Philadelphia, has notified the President of his resigna- tion as one of the Indian Council of Nine, and Mr. Bruno, of Pittsburgh, has been appointed in his place and designa- ted by the Indian Bureau as temporary chairman of the Council. It will be re- membered that Mr. Welch claimed that the law under which they were appointed gave the Council power to contract and direct the whole Indian service, including the vast appropriations made by Con- gress to carry out treaty stipulations. The President gave the law a very dif- ferent interpretation, and held that the Council was only an advisory body in the matter of disbursing the two millions of dollars appropriated for maintaining peace with the several Indian tribes. In a correspondence between Mr. Welch and the other members of the Council, they held that the President was right in his construction of the law, and Mr. Welch immediately resigned. They will be di- vided into three sections, one to visit Kansas and the Indian Territory, another to visit Nebraska and Dakota, and a third to take everything west of these States. The Quaker societies who selected and recommended the Indian Agents of that sect appointed by the President, are pre- paring to make an inspection of the work of their people. Both branches of the sect, the Hicksite and the orthodox, will send out delegations, at their own ex- pense, to investigate and report to their respective societies how their brethren are performing their duties. The Hicksite delegation started to-day, and the other party will leave next week.

Judge Dent, who has signified his wil- lingness to accept the Conservative Re- publican nomination if tendered, declares that the party must unequivocally in- dorse the Chicago platform, the recon- struction policy of Congress, and the Ad- ministration, if he is to be its candidate; this being done there seems to be no reason why there should be two Republi- can tickets in Mississippi.

In answer to the statement published by the New York Agent of the Associ- ated Press, that great indignation was manifest among the banking firms in Wall street, because one or two of their num- ber had anticipated his intention to pur- chase more bonds, Secretary Boutwell says that it must have been mere specu- lation on the part of those persons who so anticipated his intentions. He says not a living being other than himself knew of the fact that he would issue an order for the purchase of an additional number of bonds until he communicated it to the public himself. He remembered the charge on a previous occasion of his intentions having been known in Wall street before he made them public, and this time took special care to trust no one, and kept the matter secret. From this it would seem that those persons who oper- ated in the money market on the suppo- sition that Mr. Boutwell would pur- chase more bonds, did so at a risk, and were simply shrewder than their co- temporaries.

It is reported that Governor Walker will be elected to the United States Sen- ate from Virginia, thus placing the State Executive in the hands of the Lieutenant Governor elect, who is a Southern man, and a strong Conservative.

The course now pursued by the Span- ish authorities in Cuba indicates the adop- tion of a policy which is to disabuse the minds of the negroes on that island of the idea that they are again to be en- slaved if the insurrection is crushed, and to induce them to enlist in the Spanish army.

The Prussian Consul-General at Ha- vana writes to the Prussian Consuls in the United States requesting them to warn all Germans here against enlisting in the Cuban army. He says that, in his judgment, since the enforcement of the neutrality laws by the United States, the insurrection is dying out.

LAY DELEGATION.—The vote on the question of introducing the system of lay delegates into the councils of the Metho- dist Episcopal Church stands as follows, according to the latest returns: In favor of, 52,806; against, 18,846. Majority in favor, 33,960.

ALPHONSE KARR was gently quizzed the other day because he has been so often passed over by the Academy. "Ah, you allude, I suppose," he remarked, "to the last new one, M. de Carnè. Well, I sup- pose it is better to be *carne* than *ne* Karr."

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EMERSON W. PEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Philadelphia, Medical Director.

This Company issued, in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence,

5,395 POLICIES,

INSURING

$15,142,800.

This Company offers to its Policy-Holders

PERFECT SECURITY

By its Cash paid up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM,

LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE,

Or a Reversionary Dividend of 100 per cent. by its

RETURN PREMIUM PLAN.

GENERAL AGENTS.

E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers, No. 35 South Third Street, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey. B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. jy2:mwf&F

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

—Sealed proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, from Penn to Smallman street. MULBERRY ALLEY, from 28th to 29th street, will be received until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869.

Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy10:m8 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., Pittsburgh, July 8th, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 22d inst., inclusive, for the erection of a new WOODEN STRUCTURE at the Bridge over Street's Run, at Risher's Mill, on the Elizabethtown Road, on the line between Baldwin and Mifflin Townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

jy9:193 d&TI

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—

SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Fortieth to Forty-fourth street.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for Grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

jy8:191

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at this office until JULY 10th, 1869, for the following Supplies, to be delivered as required, on the line of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, for the use of said Railway Companies to 1st January, 1870:

Railroad Castings of all descriptions;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Chairs;
Track Bolts and Nuts;
Hot and Cold Pressed Nuts and Bolts;
Fish Plates;
Bar and Round Iron, "refined;"
Boiler and Sheet Iron;
Pig Iron, "Anthracite;"
Pig Iron, "Charcoal" equal to "Sailsbury;"
Wrought Iron Axles, to order;
Frog Steel, to order;"
Steel Frog Plates and Points, "to order;"
Spring Steel;
Steel Axles, to order;
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Wrought Nails and Spikes;
Georgia Pine, to order;
Chains;
Lard Oil;
Bell Rope;
Hay;
Shovels.

The deliveries to be made in such quantities as, may from time to time be determined upon by the Company, after the acceptance of the tender.

Parties bidding must state the quality of the material offered and at what point delivered, also furnish samples when required.

Payments in cash, as customary with this Company.

The Company reserve the right to reject any bids, which must be enclosed, sealed, and addressed to

GEO C. HALL Purch. Agent,
1 Erie Block, foot Reade St., New York.
je21:k74-MWF

AMUSEMENTS.

☞**FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—** No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

NOTICES.

☞**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

☞**NOTICE.**

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. e5:k68

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. DeCAMP,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 112 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT.

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM. Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. mv3:v60

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street,

(Opposite the Court House,)

fe18:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

Au6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to Oil Refineries.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That after the passage of this ordinance it shall be deemed unlawful for any person or persons to erect, or cause to be erected, or occupied, any building or buildings for the purpose of refining oil, or to erect or construct, or cause to be erected or constructed, any tank or tanks for storing oil, or to engage in the business of refining oil, or to store crude oil in barrels within the City of Allegheny; and each and every person violating this ordinance, or employed in the erection or extension of any such building or tank, as before described, shall forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, and for each and every day thereafter that said violation is continued, a fine not less than Fifty Dollars; said fines to be recovered summarily; and every such building or tank is hereby declared to be a public and common nuisance.

SEC. 2. The provisions of Section 1st shall not apply to refineries already in operation, *Provided*, The refineries shall not be enlarged nor works extended, nor new tanks erected, nor crude oil stored in barrels, nor new buildings or tanks erected in case of destruction when such destruction shall exceed 25 per cent. of the whole valuation, to be determined by the City Engineer, in connection with the Committee on Engines, subject to like penalties as provided in Section 1st.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.

ATTEST: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT HOLWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy10

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se28:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is present daily at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞**DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and medical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office, 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

☞**ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

☞**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j92

☞**EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g2s-d&F

☞**THE MARRIAGE RING.—** Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection. H. J. MOORE, jy10:m2 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection. H. J. MOORE, jy5 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection H. J. MOORE, jy1:1:8 City Engineer.

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 22d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOUSTON,
A. M. MARSHALL,
jy5:185

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
THOMAS SMITH.
jy5:185

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's We Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for ja5:30

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
5 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 28x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;

"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;

"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;

"SALLE PITS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible, since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
Special Commissioners.
j1

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 31 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low, 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 3,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1,240 acres, Braxton Co., west Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET

Je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 32 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. A FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A

Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:97

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McL

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week: by mail,* $8 *per annum: 3 mos.,* $2.

Yesterday was remarkably quiet. We failed to hear of a single disturbance.

Boy Wanted.—A good, active boy is wanted immediately. Inquire at the GAZETTE composing room after two o'clock this afternoon.

Regular Meeting.—A regular meeting of the Central Board of Education will be held to-morrow, (Tuesday,) the 13th inst., at two o'clock P. M.

There were but six common cases before Mayor Drum yesterday morning. No business was transacted at the office during the remainder of the day.

The cities were visited with a refreshing and much-needed shower yesterday morning, which cooled the atmosphere somewhat and made the after part of the day endurable.

Delegation.—There will be a large delegation of Democrats, including the Young Men's Jackson Club, as a body, leave for the Harrisburg Convention to-day. Their pressure will be exerted in favor of Cass first, Hancock next.

The **Methodists** in our vicinity are making active preparations for the "camp meeting" season, which commences about the first of next month. These occasions are always of great interest to the Methodists, who seem to have adopted them as peculiarly their own.

Commendable.—It is stated that Wm. L. Scott, the President of the Erie and Pittsburgh railroad, is about to build a theater in Erie. That city has hitherto had to get along as best she could with her old-fashioned halls, and Mr. Scott's energy and public spirit will probably be highly appreciated.

Drowned.—Hezekial Miller, aged six years, who was a passenger with his parents on board the Waunita on their way to Kansas, from McKeesport, in this county, where they formerly resided, fell overboard and was drowned near Cairo, on the 8th inst. The body was recovered on the following day.

Morning Court.—At the Mayor's morning Court yesterday morning there were thirty-seven cases disposed of. Fifteen were charged with disorderly conduct, twenty with drunkenness and two with vagrancy. They were disposed of as follows: Twenty paid fines, fifteen were committed to jail and two were discharged.

Grand Social Pic Nic.—A Grand Social Picnic will be held at McFarland's Grove, Thursday, the 29th inst., which promises to be one of the most pleasant gatherings of its character, of the season. The Committee of Arrangements is composed of gentlemen in whom the utmost confidence may be reposed, and we feel confident that under their management the affair will prove a success.

Threatened Her Children.—Mary Breen and Mollie Alexander, neighbors, residing in the Sixth ward, Allegheny, had a disturbance Saturday morning relative to their children, when, it is said, Mollie threw a quantity of water upon the Breen offspring and threatened to kill them if they crossed her path. Alderman Strain issued the necessary legal papers for an investigation into the dispute.

Assaulted an Officer.—John Hagan was arrested on Saturday night about half past eleven o'clock, in the vicinity of the Rush House, where he was conducting himself in a disorderly manner. When the officer made the arrest John resisted and for his trouble received several raps on the head with a mace. Yesterday morning the Mayor required him to pay a fine of $25 and costs.

Proposed Change.—There is a movement now on foot in Allegheny looking to a change in the term of the office of Mayor from two to three years, and making the person having once served ineligible to re-election. This is the same plan as that in force in Pittsburgh. It is being considerably canvassed, and from the general favor with which it seems to be regarded will doubtless assume shape and be brought before the next Legislature.

The Linn Case.—The Cleveland *Herald* says: "Rev. S. P. Linn, well known in this city, and about whom there was a difficulty in the Westminister Church congregation, is up for trial before the Ohio Presbytery at Pittsburgh, on a charge of unministerial conduct. The trial has finally been set for July 27th, and as the charges are partly based on circumstances occurring in Cleveland, we shall watch it with interest."

Boy Drowned.—John Boyce a boy ten years of age, was drowned in the Allegheny river at the foot of Thirtieth street, Twelvth ward, about four o'clock yesterday evening. He was bathing with a number of other boys, and is it supposed had an attack of cramps, as he was an excellent swimmer. The body has not yet been recovered. He was the son widow, with whom he resided, on Penn street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty seventh streets.

Belligerent.—Michael Driscol was arrested on Saturday night on a charge of disorderly conduct. It appears that Michael made an assault upon James Thornton in a saloon at the corner of Penn and Seventeenth streets. James refused to fight and Michael, being of a belligerent nature, insisted upon it, and knocking the former down caught him by the lip with his teeth and bit him severely. The Mayor charged Michael $25 and costs for his sport, which he paid.

At Glenwood Grove.—The first annual excursion of the St. Cecilia Silver Conet Band will take place on Thursday, the 22d inst, when a grand pic nic will be held at Glenwood Grove. The band is composed of young men of character, with several of whom we have the honor of a personal acquaintance, and we have no hesitancy in recommending the public to participate in the excursion, as we feel confident that the affair will be properly conducted, and a pleasant day may be anticipated. Tickets for sale by the members of the band.

Decidedly the most faithful portrait which we have ever seen of William Cullen Bryant, the venerable and distinguished American poet, appears in No. 3 of the *Hearth and Home*, for July 17th. In the same number of that excellent puolication, we also find the opening chapters of "The Romance of a Rich Young Girl" by Octave Tuillet, whose "Poor Young Man" gave a world-wide renown to the facile pen of that remarkable writer. The present story is exquisitely illustrated from original designs by Bogce, engraved in Paris expressly for *Hearth and Home*, upon the order of its enterprising publishers, Pettengill, Bates & Co, 37 Park Row, New York.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Full Bench.

SATURDAY July 10—In accordance with the act of Assembly providing for the appointment of a gas inspector for this county, the following order was made appointing a Board of examiners:

In the District Court of Allegheny county:—And now to wit: 10th July 1869 under and by virture of the second section of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of an Inspector of illuminating gas and gas meters, to regulate the inspection of the same and to protect consumers and manufacturers of gas in Allegheny county," approved the 30th day of April, A. D. 1869, the undersigned are appointed a Board of Examiners, who shall examine all applications for the position of Inspector of Gas and Gas meters, and ascertain whether they are competent or not for said position, viz. James Thompson, Esq. Philip Reineke, Esq., and Saml. Goldthorpe, Esq. The Prothonotary is directed to issue certificates of appointment accordingly: *Per Curiam*

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, July 10.—The following sentences were passed: Frank Fairman, who plead guilty of assault and battery upon James McCafferty, was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

Joseph Holt, convicted of the larceny of a keg of gin, was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment of one year in the Penitentiary.

Arthur Martin, convicted of committing an assault and battery upon H. C. Matthews, was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and costs.

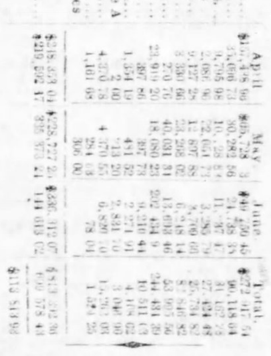
Florence Aker was prosecuted for surety by Mrs. Kate Aker. He was ordered to pay costs, and to enter recognizance to keep the peace.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

395. Com. vs. Thomas Sinclair et al.
377. " Lena Meinert.
306. " Hughes and Dignam.
234. " Christopher Baker.
371. " John Frank.
324. " John McKirdy.
372. " And. Marks and W. Lutus.
385. " Wm. Hanners.
179. " Lewis Hay.
139. " Andrew Barker.
334. " John Wallaker.
426. " John Roberts.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

282. Com. vs. Robert Hague.
322. " Joseph Stewart.
305. " Joseph Conavan et al.
439. " Elizabeth Eberlie.
382. " Thomas Moore.
113. " Emma J. Hays.
307. " Thoms Morgan.
298. " John Law (2 cases.)
242. " James Jones.
240. " Thomas Campbell.
142. " John S. Jones.
392. " Wm. Schettler et al.

Abstract of Collections in the 22d District, Penna., for the Quarter Ending June 30th, 1869.

A Trial of Strength.

One of that enterprising class of professionals who monopolize the organ grinding, weighing machine, air gun and similar pursuits, established himself at the corner of Wood and Water streets, Saturday morning, with an apparatus designed to test the lifting powers of those who desired information as to their exact status in this respect. Among those who availed themselves of this favorable opportunity were Martin Coyle, white, and Nelson Key, colored, both employed as laborers about the boats at the wharf. In the trial, unfortunately, Nelson developed considerable more strength than Martin, which so aroused the ire of that individual that he declared he'd demolish the "nagur," and for this purpose followed the affrighted object of his indignation for several squares, flourishing, it is said, a huge knife, with which he intended to carry out his threat. Nelson finally, to get clear of the infuriated Martin, dropped into Alderman McMaster's office and made information against him for surety of the peace, which caused his arrest and commitment to jail.

Not Frightened.

The several passenger railway companies, blast furnace proprietors and livery stable men were not frightened at the threats of the Liquor League, and were in operation yesterday as usual. The soda fountains, so far as we could ascertain, were all closed, and it was quite evident that the whisky shops were not in operation, as there were no drunken men to be found on the street, and up to a late hour last night not a single arrest had been made by the police.

If the programme of the League is fully carried out we presume all the conductors and drivers of street cars, hack drivers and furnace men who were engaged at work yesterday will be proceeded against before His Honor the Mayor this morning. Business will be lively as there will be several hundred cases.

Getting Clear of a Tenant.

Gotfield Zang, for some months past, has occupied a tenement, jointly with the Bruder family, on Harmony street, East Birmingham. Latterly, however, the intercourse between the parties has not been of the most amicable character, and the Bruders have attempted several times to get rid of their tenant. Failing in all peaceable means, they at last, it is alleged, attacked him with a broomstick on Saturday and chastised him severely, Barbara, the wife, wielding the weapon, and Felix, the husband, aiding and abetting by encouraging words. As a sequel; Gotfield acquainted Alderman McMasters with the transaction, which caused the arrest of the Bruders on a charge of assault and battery. They gave bail for a hearing.

PETROLEUM.

Extracts from the Monthly Report of the Titusville Herald.

We have received the Titusville *Herald* containing the monthly petroleum report for June. It accounts for the decrease in production during the month as compared with May by the natural falling off in the product of the old wells having been greater than the enlargement occasioned by the striking of new, and resuscitating of old wells. The torpedoing of wells resulted less successfully, and the quantity of benzine used was smaller than during the previous month, while of the new wells completed but few were of importance.

In most of the districts the production increased slightly, but the enlargement was more than counterbalanced by a falling off in other districts. In the Pleasantville district there was a decrease of about 260 barrels, and on the Blood farm the average for the month was about sixty barrels less than during last month. There was also a considerable decrease on the Allegheny river south of Franklin, at Tidioute and on two of the farms on Upper Cherry run.

The principal increase took place on the black oil belt between Upper Cherry run and West Pithole creek. The farms on Church and Lower Cherry runs, and near the mouth of Oil creek, also show something of an increase. On Cherry Tree run the average daily production during the month was about the same as during the last week of last month, but the average for the whole month was about one hundred barrels greater than during May.

The development, it says, during the month was very unsatisfactory. The number of wells completed was as large as usual, but the proportion that produced largely was much smaller than in any previous month this year. Nor was any new territory of importance found, and the old territory was not extended in any noticeable degree from its limits at the date of the publication of our last report. In a few instances good wells were obtained, but over three-fourths of the wells struck during the month were yielding less than fifteen barrels a day at the close.

The number completed during the month was 55, and ten others were temporarily abandoned on account of accidents, leaving the number in process of drilling on July 1st, 365. This number, as compared with that on June 1st, shows a falling off of 40. Drilling was actually commenced during the month on only about twenty wells, but operations were commenced on a large number of leases.

Nearly all the desirable leases in what is considered sure territory have been secured, and the commencing of new wells has been greatly restricted by the scarcity of good territory. The Cherry Tree Run district, which, a short time ago, was the most promising one in the region, now appears to be about developed, as the wells last sunk on the borders of it have shown that the oil bearing sand rock runs out a short distance from the large producing wells. On the black oil belt, between Upper Cherry Run and West Pithole creek, the wells are only a little more lasting than those in the Pleasantville district, and there was scarcely a well of any importance on it that was not yielding less at the close of June than any time during the month. Earlier in the year it was thought that the territory in the vicinity of Charley and Church runs, as well as that in the districts above mentioned, would produce largely, but the development has proved beyond a doubt that the extent of the oil producing sand rocks is much smaller than was supposed. In all districts in the region a limited number of new wells will be sunk, and in some of them the production will most likely be increased, but it is doubtful whether, with the present amount of development, the production can be increased materially. On the Allegheny river near Tionesta, a well was struck at the depth of two hundred and fourteen feet. It produced twenty-two barrels a day for a time, but is now yielding but fifteen barrels. The territory in the vicinity of this well has not been operated on since 1865.

At Parker's Landing, on the same river, the development progressed favorably during the month, and about twenty leases were taken.

The stock of oil held in the oil region was decreased materially during June by very large shipments to the outside markets. The total stock on July 1st in all hands, aggregated 309,246 barrels of 43 gallons, against 365,484 barrels on the first day of the previous month, or a falling off on the former date of about 56,000 barrels. The amount in iron tankage, which will be found elsewhere, was decreased by about 35,000 barrels; the stock at the wells by about 9,000, and that on all other hands by about 12,000.

The shipments were larger during June than on any previous month this year. The daily average of crude, equivalent of 43 gallons per barrel, was nearly 12,000 barrels, against an average for the previous month of 10,000. The shipment of refined increased about 4,000 barrels.

To Pittsburgh the shipment was about 62,000 barrels larger than that during June, and to New York about 18,000 barrels, while that to Cleveland and Boston fell off slightly.

During the early part of the month there was considerable excitement in the market, and prices fluctuated violently. At the beginning there were sales at $4,05 to $5,30 on the creek accordingly to location. During the first week there was great activity. Prices steadily appreciated and reached $5,25 at Miller and Titusville, and $5,50 on the Lower Creek. From these prices there was a sharp decline which continued until the 15th, when sales were effected as low as $4,75 at this point, and $5,00 at Petroleum Centre. There was then a firmer feeling and sales were effected at twenty-five cents advance on the above figures, but the market broke immediately afterwards and the advance was lost the same day. Subsequently another decline took place and round lots sold down to $4,85 and $5,10 on the creek, on the 21st. From these figures there was a gradual appreciation. On the 30th there were considerable sales at $5,60 on the Lower creek and $5,30 at Titusville.

A Cutting Affray.

A cutting affray occurred on towboat "Mary Ann," lying at the Monongahela wharf, near the Point, Saturday evening, between the watchman of the boat and John Markland, in which the latter was severely if not dangerously wounded. It appears that Markland had been employed on the boat in the capacity of a deck hand, but in consequence of a difficulty with the watchman, had left the craft some sixty miles down the river. Saturday morning he visited the boat for the purpose of procuring the money due him and when there another quarrel took place between him and the watchman. During the struggle which ensued, Markland was stabbed in the left shoulder, receiving a wound about seven inches in length. The infuriated watchman was about to plunge the knife into him again when Markland to avoid him jumped into the river and swam ashore where he fell exhausted. He was removed to his house, No. 10 Penn street, where his injuries were dressed by Dr. Stoneroad. The watchman has not yet been arrested.

Imprisoned for Debt.

Notwithstanding the fact that the people of this great Commonwealth, through their representatives in general assembly, wisely decided many years since, that the law which authorized and sanctioned the arrest and imprisonment of a man for debt, was a disgrace and a libel on humanity, and it was consequently stricken from the statute books, yet in this still more enlightened day we frequently hear of men being arrested and consigned to the gloomy walls of a prison cell for no other cause, no greater crime, than that of being unable, through misfortune perhaps, to pay debts honestly contracted and which would be honestly paid were it in the power of the debtor to pay them. This state of affairs is brought about by the misuse or abuse of section 119 of the Penal Code for the collection of debts.

It is no fault of the law, which was enacted to prevent cheating by false pretense; to protect honest men against rogues, and not for the purpose of punishing poverty as a crime; but through the stupidity, and in many instances the cupidity of the magistrate who, for the paltry sum of a few dollars costs, which, through fear of imprisonment, they expect to filch from the pockets of the already impoverished debtor, the law is thus unwisely and unjustly subverted, and made an engine of tyranny rather than a protection to the rights of citizens. A case in point, if the statement of the party arrested be true, was the arrest and imprisonment in the lock-up of Frank Moseby, a colored man, in this city, Saturday evening, charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses from a man in New Brighton. It is alleged by the accused that he purchased furniture from the prosecutor for a barber shop, for which he was to pay a stipulated sum per week. A balance of twenty dollars was due on the furniture, and finding business so dull in that quiet village as to render it impossible to meet his payments, he resolved to close his shop for a few weeks and try steamboating. He accordingly procured a situation on a steamer, and on arriving in this city on his first trip was arrested and locked up. We believe the arrest was made on the strength of a telegram received from the prosecutor, and another was received yesterday morning requesting the detention of the prisoner until this morning, when an officer would arrive from New Brighton to take charge of him. We do not know what there is in the case, but, whether the facts stated be true or not, it serves to illustrate the manner in which the criminal law is prostituted for the collection of civil debts.

The Flood and the Oil Fire.

One of the most disastrous floods with which the oil district has been visited, since the great flood of the spring of 1865, occurred on Thursday night. During Thursday afternoon dense black clouds gathered over the district, and toward evening a rain storm of unusual violence set in. It was accompanied with frequent and vived flashes of lightning, which, so far as reported, took effect with disastrous results only on Upper Cherry run. The rain, however, fell in torrents through the night, and the small streams within a radius of thirty miles of this place were swollen to an unprecedented height.

The destruction of small bridges, culverts, &c., was general. The bridges over Pithole creek, from Pleasantville to its mouth, were swept away, together with two or three oil tanks and other property. Nearly all the bridges over the streams emptying in Oil and East Oil creeks to the northward and eastward of the city, were carried off. Along the track of the O. C. & A. R. Railway from Irvineton to Titusville, there were a great a number of slides, some of which were very large. Several culverts and portions of the track were also washed away, and trains ran only between Titusville and Corry. Up to last evening the track had been cleared between Oil City and Petroleum Center. The road will be open to-day.

The Titusville Pipe Company's lines were broken in several places, and the Oleopolis pipe was not in working order last evening. Altogether, a large amount of property was destroyed and a great deal of damage done.

The oil fire on the Tallman farm and the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Oil Company's tract, Upper Cherry Run, occurred substantially as reported in Saturday's issue. Three of the wells on the Tallman farm, from which the rigs were burned, were started up on Friday afternoon. On the tract above mentioned, the work of erecting new rigs in place of those destroyed was commenced on Saturday.

A Vigilant Policeman.

In consequence of numerous complaints having been made to the Mayor relative to "street walkers" on Sixth avenue and Wood street, two officers in addition to the regular force were placed on duty on those thoroughfares, with instructions to arrest all "street walkers" who stopped to talk on the streets, and all men found loafing on the street corners after having given them notice to leave. One of the new men was a German, whose former vocation was not of the most pleasant and agreeable character, and which left an odor or "fragrancy" about his clothing not particularly pleasing to the olfactories of the Chief, who gave him the instructions, and as a consequence, that worthy official was perhaps more brief than he otherwise would have been. The new officer was placed on Wood street, and almost immediately thereafter gave evidence of his vigilance by arresting two gentlemen who happened to meet on the corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue, and conducting them to the lockup. He then returned to his "beat," and in a short time thereafter arrested two more at the next corner above, who he likewise escorted to the "City Hotel." The Chief was informed of his vigilence, and relieved him from further duty, or it is quite probable that the lockup would have been full before daylight.

Serious Accident.

On Thursday afternoon last, as Mrs. Schmidt, a young German woman residing on Thirty-seventh street, was kindling a fire with petroleum, the flames communicated with the can and caused an explosion, covering her with burning oil, and setting fire to the house. In her phren-y she caught up a little baby five weeks old and rushed out of the house. Both mother and infant were badly burned and their lives are yet in great danger, but little hope for recovery entertained in either case. When will people learn to handle petroleum with care?

The Davis Drinking Fountain, in the Allegheny Park, between Federal and Beaver streets, has become a very popular institution. It was surrounded yesterday, from morning to night, by thirsty companies of men, women and children, who slaked their thirst from its refreshing waters.

The Late Confidence Operation—A Card From the Victim.

ALLEGHENY, July 11th, 1869.

To the Public: As an impression, unfavorable to myself as a man of shrewdness, has been created in the minds of the people, through the terrible swindle practiced upon me by the two colored men, Hall and Reed, who robbed me of $3,000 on Thursday evening, July 8th, I deem it my duty to acquaint my friends and the public with the facts in the case: On Sabbath last, July 4th, Mr. Benjamin Bolden, a respectable colored man, living in Allegheny, told me that he was stopped on the street on the 3d of July by a man who said he was a preacher. Seeing that Bolden was a settled man, he told him that he had a friend who had a large amount of gold and silver which he wanted to get exchanged for paper money. So Mr. Bolden brought this alleged preacher to me. He stated that he had brought a man from North Carolina who had in his possession a large quantity of gold and silver which had been accumulated by the slaves before and during the great civil war, and that he wished to sell it for paper money. After relating other circumstances which induced me to think the man was honest, I went with him to his boarding house, which is situated in the upper part of Webster street, Pittsburgh, and had an interview with his companion. During the interview, they showed me the trunk, in which the money, as they said, was packed. I tried to lift the trunk. It was very heavy. They showed me some gold and silver, and I bought $15 worth, giving them $15 in greenbacks. I had two or three interviews with them afterwards. I then made a contract with them to exchange the gold they had for $3,000 in paper money. I borrowed the money and returned to Pittsburgh Thursday afternoon, intending to send a friend to their boarding house to count the money and see that it was not counterfeit. When I arrived they made out that they had become dissatisfied and had sent their trunk to the Union Depot. We went to the Depot and found their trunk was checked. I made them uncheck it. One of them said that he had to return to the boarding house for some things. I paid them the $3,000, placed the trunk in my carriage and drove home with it. This was Thursday evening about seven o'clock. As soon as I arrived at home I opened the trunk and found a box nicely fitted in the center of the trunk, I broke it open and to my horror I found a large stone with saw dust packed around it. The fact that in the whole history of crime I had never heard of colored men engaged in extensive swindling operations, lulled my suspicions from the first. The savings of a life time have been thus swept from me in a moment. I beg the sympathy of the public. Counseled by my friends, I shall with my wife, solicit aid from the people, to help me, in some measure, to regain what I have lost, through the villainy of two men of my own race. Very respectfully,

GEORGE W. DIMEY.

New Brighton Temperance League.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, July 9, 1869.

The members and friends of the New Brighton Temperance League met this evening in the M. E. Church, Rev. Mills, pastor, and held their regular monthly meeting, Rev. Critchlow, President, in the Chair. After the usual opening ceremonies, reading of minutes, etc., a constitution and order of business were presented and adopted, from which we quote the following:

"The object of this Society shall be to teach the people *true temperance* according to the teachings of the *Bible* and *Science*; especially in reference to *intoxicating* drinks, and *narcotics*; to induce all we can to abstain entirely from their use, or trafficking therein, (unless for *chemical* or *medicinal* uses;) to prepare public sentiment for *legal prohibition* of the liquor traffic, and to aid the Temperance Reform in every proper way.

HEADING OF MEMBERSHIP RECORD.

"We hereby severally and solemnly promise that we will aid in every proper way to carry forward the object of the New Brighton Temperance League, which we hereby endorse, and of which we now become members.

We will neither manufacture, traffic in, nor use (unless chemically, or medically,) anything that will intoxicate."

The Chairman, Rev. Critchlow, delivered his inaugural, which, being sound doctrine, was well received.

The Committee appointed to attend the county court, and present remonstrances against applications for license to sell liquors in Beaver county, report complete success. Every application in the county was rejected.

We all feel encouraged, and intend to continue the fight on this line. C.

Alleged Larceny.

Saturday evening, about eight o'clock, John Kearney was arrested and placed in the lock-up for the larceny of a keg of hinges. At about the time mentioned Kearney was discovered by a boy in the neighborhood of the Point, going toward the river with a keg on his shoulder, which he carried to the edge of the water and threw in the river. The boy informed an officer of the circumstance, who, on proceeding to the spot indicated, found the keg, which contained hinges, about one-half of which had been lost in the water, the keg having bursted when it was thrown in. The boy then pointed out Kearney to the officer, who arrested and conveyed him to the tombs, where he remains awaiting a hearing in the case.

No Thoroughfare.

George Hunter made information, on Saturday, before Alderman McMasters, against John McCready for surety of the peace. Hunter says he is building a house in Braddocks Fields, and that he has been hauling the stone for the foundation from a quarry, the road to which leads by the house of McCready. This gentleman, it is said, became very much annoyed at the rumbling of the stone cart, and requested Hunter to cease hauling along the road, threatening if the request was not complied with to do him bodily harm. Instead of doing as desired, Hunter sought Alderman McMaster's office and made information against McCready for surety of the peace upon which a warrant was issued.

Drowned—Coroner's Inquest.

James McFarland, a resident of Port Perry, was accidentally drowned about eight o'clock on Saturday evening while bathing in the Monongahela river at that place. He with a number of companions had gone into the river a short distance above the dam, at a point where the water was about nine feet deep, when it is presumed he took the cramp, as he sank before any of his comrades could reach him. The body was recovered about an hour afterward and notice sent to the coroner, who held an inquest upon it yesterday, the jury returning a verdict of accidental drowning.

The Welcome Horse Rake.

We clip the following from the Louisville Evening Times of the 3rd inst giving a discription of the different machines on exhibition at the great Agriculture Fair being held near Louisville at that time.

Among the field implements at the late trial, the tooth-horse hay rake; manucactured by W. W. Wallace Pittsburgh, received high ecomiums. It is selfacting—a child twelve years old can operate it—and for raking hay or gleaning grainfields it exceeds anything ever introduced. It was highly commended by the committee and farmers who examined it. The rake can be seen at the agriculture store of Pitkin, Wiard & Co., of this city.

Lawns, Organdies, Hermani, Grenadines, at Bates & Bell's.

Something New.

A grand select pic-nic will be held at Glenwood Grove, on Tuesday, July 13th, in aid of the new Catholic Church at Hazelwood. The parties having the management of the pic-nic have taken every precaution to make it one of the most pleasant of the season. We expect that the laudable object will attract thousands to the Grove on the 13th. Tickets (for admission and dinner 50 cts.) can be had at the gate. Trains will leave the Depot of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad at seven, nine and eleven o'clock A. M., and at two, three and four and a half o'clock P. M. 2

Lama Lace Mantles, in variety, at Bates & Bell's.

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

White Bedouins and Summer Shawls, Bates & Bell's.

Economical, Reliable, the Best.

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Japanese Silks—Reduced prices, at Bates & Bell's.

Household Furniture and a Chickering Piano at Auction.—This day at 2 o'clock will be sold at the residence No. 293 Federal street, Allegheny, the entire household furniture, carpets, Chickering piano, etc., etc. Owner moving west. A. Leggate, auctioneer.

Thin Dress Goods, cheap, at Bates & Bell's.

DIED.

FORREST—Saturday morning, at half-past ten o'clock, WILLIAM FORREST, late shipping clerk in Spencer, McKay & Co.'s brewery, aged 34 years.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 266 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

WATCHES.

BECOMING POPULAR.

THE UNITED STATES WATCH CO'S

KEY & PENDANT WINDING

WATCHES.

The best watch made, and by far the most convenient. Call and examine them at

W. G. DUNSEATH'S,

56 FIFTH AVENUE,

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

jes0

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,

mhs

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 56 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 56 SIXTH STREET